

The Fresno

VOL. XXXI—NO. 141.

FRESNO, CALIFORNIA, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1906.

"University Library."

PRESIDENT SAW FIRE BRIGADE

Part of Another Busy Day Was Taken Up With the Inspection of Fire Fighters.

CHRISTOBAL WAS THOROUGHLY VIEWED

Reception Last Night Wound Up Festivities—Presidential Party Will Soon Be Home-ward Bound Via Porto Rico.

COLON, Nov. 17.—Owing to the recent heavy rains a landslide occurred between here and Panama, compelling President Roosevelt's train to make a detour. The landslide occurred at Panizito, not far from the Culebra cut. All street traffic was suspended here between 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. in view of President Roosevelt's inspection of the Colonial hospital and other public places.

After a reception at Christobal the president will embark on the flagship Louisiana and will leave for the north some time this evening. He expects to arrive at Ponce, Porto Rico, Wednesday. After landing there he will cross the island in an automobile and will embark at San Juan Thursday for Hampton Roads.

The Louisiana, Washington and Tonnesse coaled yesterday in the Chiriqua harbor and are expected here shortly.

President Roosevelt reached Christobal at 3:15 o'clock this afternoon and personally inspected the houses of canal employees, the camps of the laborers, the docks and other points of interest. The presidential party took breakfast at Mount Hope, where there is a large reservoir supplying water to Christobal Colon.

When he reached the railway station at Colon, President Roosevelt went upstairs in the Panama railroad offices, whence he reviewed the Christobal fire brigade, which turned out simultaneously twenty-one streams of water from hydrants extending along the main street from the railroad station to the entrance of the town of Christobal. The force of the water, which easily went over the tops of the highest buildings proved to be very satisfactory to President Roosevelt and the citizens of Colon. The citizens were especially pleased with the exhibition and there is no fear of the destruction of the town by fire if such a force of water is always available.

After the exhibition, President Roosevelt mounted a horse and, accompanied by Chief Engineer Stevens and other canal officials, galloped over the entire town. The president was cheered everywhere. Most of the president's time at Christobal was devoted to inspection of the laborers. He talked with some of them and made note of their complaints. The president promised that improvements, such as the erection of huts and kitchens and the paving of streets, would be made.

When at the commission, President Roosevelt said he saw no reason why the canal commission should not be able to sell West Indian provisions at the same price as was being charged by outsiders.

This evening a reception and ball was given at Christobal in honor of President Roosevelt and his party by the employes of the commission.

PRINCE GEORGE HAS A LOYAL SISTER

Princess Helene Will Not Credit the Report that Her Brother Is Insane.

ROME, Nov. 17.—Princess Helene Potemina, daughter of King Peter of Serbia, who spends the greater part of the time with the Italian sovereign, is in Rome with Queen Helene.

Speaking about her brother, Prince George, she said today that she believed the news concerning his mental condition was exaggerated. The latest letters she received from Belgrade described him as suffering from nervous excitement, but said there was no sign of his being mentally unbalanced and that the doctors had given assurances that he soon would be entirely recovered.

She excuses the recent eccentricities of her brothers as being due to an excess of vitality.

According to stories current, the princess is kept at the Italian court, the queen being very fond of her, in order that she may not come in contact with her brother.

PENNSYLVANIA ROAD EMPLOYEES' DEMANDS

Trainmen and Firemen Have Been Unable to Secure Any Settlement.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 17.—The negotiations of the Brotherhoods of Railway Trainmen and Firemen with the officials of the Pennsylvania in regard to the demands for an increase in wages are at a standstill. The trainmen were to meet the general superintendents today but the conference was postponed until next Thursday at the request of the railroad officials.

C. B. Snivins, chairman of the committee, said today that if matters are not fixed up by the general superintendents the trainmen will appeal to the general managers.

SENATOR PLATT IS NOT YET CONSIDERING MATTER OF RESIGNING

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 17.—The Evening News will publish the following message from United States senator Thomas C. Platt:

"Edward H. Butler, Evening News, Buffalo, N. Y. Question of resignation I will discuss hereafter. Am not considering it seriously now." (Signed) "T. C. PLATT."

PRINCETON AND YALE BLANK

For the First Time in Nearly Twenty Years, Neither Side Was Able to Score.

PRINCETON TEAM NOT UP TO STANDARD

University of Pennsylvania Was a Big Surprise, Defeating Michigan By 17 to 0—Chicago Gave Illinois Fits.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 17.—Princeton and Yale today played a nothing-to-nothing football game, the first time in nearly twenty years that neither eleven has scored. The wearers of the orange and black had confidently expected to win, as the Princeton team this fall was of the best product, and as hopeful were they of ultimate success that odds of 3 to 3 were freely offered just prior to the game that Yale would be defeated.

But the Princeton eleven of today was a disappointment, the lightning plays which the coaches had been depending on to confound the Yale boys were lacking and E. Dillon, the wonderful little halfback, on whom such high hopes had been built, fumbled miserably. This was especially the case on punts. But he made some pretty running catches and once got away for a run of forty-five yards. His dropping of punts would have resulted disastrously to Princeton had it not been for the fast work of Wister, Princeton's left end. This player was all over the field, and his running down under kicks was little short of marvelous.

Princeton lacked diversity of attack. Shie could not gain on fakes, neither could she pierce the Yale line with any degree of success.

Yale, on the other hand, was able to make consistent gains against Princeton's line, and it looked as though the blue must surely have scored a few minutes before the close of the game had they stuck to straight football, instead of attempting fancy plays. Near the finish, Yale secured the ball in Princeton's territory near the center of the field. By the smashing of line, in which Morse, Lyn and Forbes made gains, Yale had the ball within a few yards of Princeton's goal. A delayed pass was attempted, a Yale man was off-side and it looked like possible touchdown for Yale, but it went for naught. Neader attempted several goals from the field, but Harlan, who defeated West Point by his field goals, did not get close enough to a goal to try his usually sure foot.

Several penalties were inflicted by the officials and each team suffered alike in this respect. Time was taken out twice because of injuries to Princeton players, but Yale did not ask for time in a single instance. Captain Dillon of Princeton was forced to retire from the game, as was also Harlan.

In the last minute of play, with Yale pushing the Princeton team steadily toward the latter's goal, Yale supporters yelled frantically "Roone, Roone, touchdown," but just as the Yale crew was making ready to get into the line-up the whistle blew announcing the close of the game.

The teams were on the field 77 minutes, probably a record for short games.

The crowd was the largest that ever witnessed a Yale-Princeton game in Princeton, it being estimated at 30,000. Many thousands came from New York and Philadelphia in the twenty-five special trains and other thousands came in automobiles.

GOLDFIELD HOTEL FIRE

Two Lives Were Lost in the Conflagration.

Many Guests Suffered Injury By Jumping—Monetary Loss Was \$140,000.

GOLDFIELD, Nev., Nov. 17.—The list of dead in the fire at the Hotel Goldfield this morning has narrowed down to two. Dismembered bodies were found in the debris, which made it appear that there were many dead. The known dead are A. H. Hobert, of Los Angeles, identified by his son, and J. G. Ellis. The head of the corpse supposed to be that of Ellis was dismembered from the trunk and only a very few bones remained. All the friends and business associates of J. G. Ellis believe positively that they are his remains.

Many were injured by jumping from the second and third stories, as the big wooden building was enveloped so quickly that there was no other means of escape.

The seriously injured are: C. A. Cranam, Los Angeles, leg broken; C. A. Young, Los Angeles, leg broken and severely cut about body and head; F. B. Woods, Los Angeles, hip and leg broken. Many others sustained more or less serious injuries.

Nothing was saved in the entire building. Guests escaped in their night clothes. Very few took time to dress.

The residence part of the town, which lies to the east of the hotel, was saved by reason of the fact that the hotel occupied the western part of the block, which was free of buildings in the path of the wind and flames.

The loss incurred by the burning of the hotel was \$140,000, with insurance of \$30,000. A new wing was being built three stories high containing about seventy-five rooms. The owner of the hotel is the State Bank and Trust company, of which T. B. Kickey of Carson is president. T. Holt was the lessor and owner of the furniture and fixtures. His loss is about \$25,000.

This is the second large hotel in Goldfield to burn while in course of construction. They were located almost across the street from each other. Five other smaller hotels are now in course of construction in the town.

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA IS BIG SURPRISE

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—In a game that surprised its most enthusiastic supporters, the University of Pennsylvania football team today defeated the Michigan university eleven on Franklin field by the decisive score of 17 to 0. Pennsylvania's indifference playing during the present season gave her sympathizers little hope of victory over her formidable rival from the West, but the spirit and dash the red and blue players showed today repeatedly brought the spectators to their feet. The team as a whole played with the smoothness and precision of a well adjusted machine and the men individually went into each play with such vim and power that Michigan's defense was often disorganized.

IN DEEP SNOW UTAH DEFEATED COLORADO TEAM

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 17.—On a slippery field, Harvard defeated Dartmouth this afternoon by a score of 22 to 0. The Harvard team had its own way during the first half and during the early part of the second half, but as the game drew to a close and with substitutes in the Harvard line, their goal line was crossed by the Dartmouth men.

Dartmouth played the new football and the fake play on which they secured their touchdown was pronounced the prettiest football ever seen on this field. Harvard also used the new rules to advantage but was handicapped in getting off snappy plays by the slippery turf.

POLTAVA, Russia, Nov. 17.—General Palenkoff, commander of the garrison here, was shot dead tonight and a soldier who was passing at the time also was killed by unknown persons.



Republican

PRICE FIVE CENTS

CHICAGO GAVE ILLINOIS WORST DRUBBING EVER

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Chicago's football eleven gave Illinois the worst drubbing it ever received this afternoon, the Maroons running up 63 points and keeping Illinois from crossing their goal line, the one chance the state institution players had to score. Ten touchowns were made by Chicago, nine of the goals being kicked, while Eckersall helped along the slaughter by dropping a field goal from the 20-yard line. Chicago won the forward pass a dozen times, generally with success.

HARVARD, 22; DARTMOUTH, 9; SLIPPERY FIELD

SALT LAKE, Nov. 17.—The University of Utah defeated the University of Colorado today by a score of 10 to 0. It was the first victory for Utah over Boulder in four years. The Colorado line was torn to pieces and perfect interference by Utah resulted in two touchdowns in the first half. The field was from two to six inches deep with snow and mud and the men could not dislodge from their position in line.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 17.—The annual football struggle between the Harvard and Yale freshmen took place here this afternoon, Yale winning, 28 to 0. The 1910 team is the only team in the country not scored against this year.

WEST POINT, Nov. 17.—The West Point football team cancelled its game with Bucknell today. The gridiron was in a sloppy condition and Coach Graves was afraid to risk injury to his men with the navy game so close.

BAKERSFIELD, Nov. 17.—In the opening football game of the Central California Athletic League played in this city today, Bakersfield High school defeated the Porterville High school team by a score of 12 to 4, all of the scoring being done in the second half.

AT PITTSBURG: Western Pennsylvania University, 0. Washington and Jefferson, 4.

AT LINCOLN, Neb.: Nebraska 8. Kansas, 8.

AT MARIETTA, O.: Marietta college 24. University of Cincinnati 0.

AT MADISON, Wis.: Wisconsin 29. Purdue 2.

AT ST. LOUIS: Washington University 12. Missouri University 0.

AT MINNEAPOLIS: Carlisle 17. Minnesota 0.

AT PIJACAC: 17. Well 28. Swarthmore 0.

AT EASTON: Syracuse 17. Lafayette 4.

AT ST. LOUIS: St. Louis University 12. Drake University 0.

AT IOWA CITY, Iowa: Iowa University 11. Alumni 0.

ROOSEVELT REITERATES

Will Not Be a Candidate for Re-election.

No Combination of Circumstances Will Induce Him to Do So.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Post says:

"Before starting on his trip to Panama the president, during an informal political discussion which occurred at the White House, took occasion to reiterate his assertion that no combination of circumstances could induce him to be a candidate for re-election in 1908.

The crowd was the largest that ever witnessed a Yale-Princeton game in Princeton, it being estimated at 30,000. Many thousands came from New York and Philadelphia in the twenty-five special trains and other thousands came in automobiles.

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Will Not Be a Candidate for Re-election.

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WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Post says:

"The law does not impose any general duties of a visitatorial character upon district attorneys in reference to any class of corporations. The insurance law clearly devolves these duties upon the superintendent of insurance in respect of dues of insurance companies.

The report gives the result of Jerome's probing into the affairs of the Mutual Life and His conclusions under several heads.

Under the head "Exorbitant salaries," Jerome says "the inference is strong that the salary paid to the president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, prior to the recent fixing of it at \$50,000 per annum, was grossly exorbitant for the services rendered and constituted a distinct abuse, on the part of the committee on salaries, of the power committed to it. But assuming the conduct of the committee on salaries to have been a gross breach of trust, there is no statute of the state which makes their acts in the case criminal."

Uncles, Cousins and Aunts.

Under the head "Nepotism," the report says:

"In the investigation before the joint committee, it appeared that certain relatives of the president of the company were favored to such a degree that it has been suggested that a crime was involved. As in the case of salaries, so in this case.

Concerning the transactions of the Mutual Life with Raymond & Co., its general agents in New York, Jerome concludes after careful scrutiny, that the crime of larceny and conspiracy were not committed.

Critics Hendricks.

Under the head "Nepotism," as under the former head, "exorbitant salaries," the criticses the superintendent of insurance, charging him with neglect of duty.

The company's legal expenses come next in the report and are dealt with at considerable length. The transactions in which Walter R. Gillette, first vice president of the company; the Morristown Trust Company of New Jersey; the Mutual Life's committee on expenditure; L. A. Lawrence and Andrew C. Fields were involved are gone into in detail.

Not a Possibility Now.

The president stated, furthermore, that he was not so possessed of self-esteem as to believe the policies he has been pursuing could not be carried to their logical conclusion by his successor, whoever he may be.

Officials of the administration, who are most intimate with the president, do not now consider the possibility, to say nothing of the probability, of his leaving the Republican ticket in 1908. They are wholly reconciled to the fact that he will retire beyond all doubt in March, 1909, and are beginning to do some vague calculating upon the chances of other available men.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 17.—On a slippery field, Harvard defeated Dartmouth this afternoon by a score of 22 to 0. The Harvard team had its own way during the first half and during the early part of the second half, but as the game drew to a close and with substitutes in the Harvard line, their goal line was crossed by the Dartmouth men.

Dartmouth played the new football and the fake play on which they secured their touchdown was pronounced the prettiest football ever seen on this field. Harvard also used the new rules to advantage but was handicapped in getting off snappy plays by the slippery turf.

WHY FIELDS ESCAPED.

District Attorney Jerome explains that Fields has not been indicted because it was necessary to accept him as state's evidence and promise him

immunity in order to obtain legal evidence against Gillette, who is under indictment.

Further on Jerome explains what led to his obtaining the indictment of Vice President Robert A. Graniss for forgery for causing a false entry to be made in an account to the superintendent of insurance. Regarding campaign contributions, the relations of the Mutual company to subsidiary companies and syndicate transactions, the district attorney shows, as under the other heads cited, that while sinister motives may be assumed in certain of the premises the transactions are by themselves insufficient to prove criminal acts within the statutes.

ANARCHIST KILLED FAMOUS ZOOLOGIST

Giovanni Rossi Made the Victim Because He Denounced Anarchist

Always Ask For Your Premium Ticket They're Worth Saving.

F. Marion Crawford's latest novel, "A Lady of Rome." Published \$1.50. Our price, \$1.08.



"The Man in the Case," the newest book of Elizabeth Stuart Phelps. Published at \$1.50. Our price, \$1.08.

Exquisite Coats, Suits and Waists At Delightfully Reasonable Prices

Suits and Gowns of character and distinctiveness—chiefly copies from imported models, but of a distinctiveness and "difference" that mark this Women's Suit Store as the "School of Style" for a great and constantly growing circle.

This special showing for Monday is the merest sort of hint of what the woman of taste will find here. The styles will speak for themselves no less forcibly than the prices we ask for them. These are precisely the KINDS of garments on which most retailers of women's wear expect to make their largest profits. Not so here. We price them—as will be seen—on a common-sense basis in which their beauty and exclusiveness play no part whatever.

Fashionable Coats

Extraordinary Values at
\$12.00



The latest models at the lowest prices in Fresno. We will show tomorrow a new assortment of Women's Long Coats—decidedly in vogue this year and as the season advances are becoming more so.

Made of a superior quality of tan kersey; 50 inches long; satin lined yoke; custom tailored; inlaid velvet; collar and cuffs. These coats are strong leaders. At. **\$12.00**

Women's Suits

**\$30 to \$50 Values at
\$15.00**

Every one is talking about this \$15.00 suit sale. And why should they not? For they are suits that we sold at \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00 and \$50.00. Not waiting until the season is over before putting such values before you, but right at the height of the season they are radically reduced. Among them you'll find tweeds, cheviots and broadcloths in blue, grey, black and grey mixtures. Alterations will be charged for at cost.



Just Received More Children's Bear Skin Coats; White, Grey and Green



Smart New Waists in Exclusive Models

A stock that is comprehensive in every sense of the word—from the dainty creations of silk, net and lace to the most modest house models. We are perfectly safe in saying ours is the only and finest assortment shown in Fresno. All of which are priced very low.

Silk Waists,
\$3.95.

Beautiful silk taffeta waists in all the much used colors; trimmed with tucks and lace; all sizes. See window.

Plaid Waists,
\$4.39.

A choice assortment of black and white plaid silk waists; tailored effect; button trimmings; very excellent values.

Poplin Waists,
\$1.25.

Popular waists with lace and French machine embroidery fronts; long sleeves; both back and front openings.

50c White Kid "Fretze Scheff" Belts 29c

Startling Dress Goods Values

Here you will find every fabric that is desirable represented. All the tailored suiting in mannish mixtures. The plain and fancy broadcloths in black and colors; the silk and wool ensembles for evening party dresses, and about everything else you could possibly care for. Some very interesting items for Monday selling.

At. **50¢**—Colored Taffeta Silks; all pure silk; 19 inches wide. The proper material for livings, drop skirts or petticoats. Not a late color but what is here.

At. **\$1.00**—Changeable Sublime; a dressy silk mixed fabric in brown and black, navy and black, garter and black. Also green and black changeable.

At. **\$1.00**—Crepe de Paris; a durable and stylish silk and wool fabric, in cardinal, rose, Alice blue, bottle green, light grey tan; also cream and black.

At. **\$1.25**—Cream Storm Serge. The good English make. You can not duplicate this elsewhere for less than \$1.50. Our own importation. Also at the same price, black, navy and myrtle green.

GLOVES---

We direct attention to our unsurpassed collection of novelty styles in Gloves for day and evening wear and would advise an early purchase before further advance in price.

Warm Wearables For Chilly Mornings

Infants' Booties. Hand crocheted booties; fine Shetland wool; in all white, white and pink and white and blue. From **15¢** to **25¢**.

Infant Booties. An extra fine quality of Shetland wool in white and white with pink and white, with blue trimmings; silk stitching and ribbons. From **35¢** to **75¢**.

Infant Moccasins. Hand knit silk and wool, in pink and white, blue and white, also all white; trimmed with ribbons and silk buttons. **75¢**, **\$1.00** and **\$1.25**.

Infant Sacques. Hand crochet infant sacques in white with pink and white with blue trimmings. Some as low as **25¢** and as high as **\$2.50**; all sorts at prices in between.

Ladies' Skirts. Never was there an assortment so large. Never was the price so little. Ladies' all wool knit skirts; all colors. At **\$1.50**.

Ladies' Fascinators. Ladies' hand crochet fascinators in pink, blue, red, also white and black. Many to sell at **25¢**; others at **50¢**.

Hemstitched Linen Table Cloth

Monday we put on sale at 40 per cent below their regular worth a German Hemstitched Damask Table Cloth bought by us below the regular price. We give you the advantage. Here tomorrow:

The 8-4 size, **\$1.35.**

The 10-4 size, **\$1.65.**

White Cambric **5¢** Per Yard.

Short lengths in mill ends; of 36 inch, white cambric. Where else can you buy it less than 10¢?

Draprey Sateens, **20¢** Per Yard.

Choice colorings; up-to-date patterns. A splendid wearing material for either draperies or comfortables.

More and Better Premiums Given for Premium Tickets Than Elsewhere

Special Reductions For Thanksgiving

In the latest winter suiting, \$40.00 Suit for **\$25.00**. \$30.00 Suit for **\$20.00**. Order your suit now and take advantage of this liberal offer. First class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suit cleaned and Pressed **\$1.**

Yezdan Bros., Tailors

1115 K St. Phone Main 587.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

The following real estate transfers have been recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

John Krum to Mack Erwin, lot 31, block 5 and s. w. $\frac{1}{2}$ of lot 10 in block 3, Parkhurst's addition, Sanger, \$10.

Elizabeth Walker et vir. to A. M. Thomas, lots 22 and 23, block 160, \$10. Adam Stoneberger to Elizabeth Margaret, w. a. 80 acres of n. w. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 33, township 17 s. range 21 s. \$10.

L. A. Nates and A. L. Nates to Sarah F. Dillon, lots 10 of Perris colony, \$10. Pacific Improvement company to Warner Faison, lots 9, 10 and 11, block 68, Fowler, \$75.

W. H. Gordon et ux. to J. A. Sharp, lots 15 to 21, block C, Van Horn's addition, Selma, \$10.

Clyde Moss et ux. to J. A. Sharp, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block C, Van Horn's addition, Selma, \$10.

G. P. Wells et ux. to O. H. Chappell, lots 23 and n. w. 20 feet of lot 22, block 2, Arran's addition, Selma, \$10.

Minnie Hawkins et vir. to J. E. Dickenson, s. w. $\frac{1}{4}$ of s. e. $\frac{1}{4}$ and p. $\frac{1}{4}$ of n. w. $\frac{1}{4}$ of n. w. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 27, township 10 s. range 23 c. \$10.

Franklin French to Mathias Caro, w. $\frac{1}{2}$ of s. e. $\frac{1}{4}$ of s. e. $\frac{1}{4}$ of s. w. $\frac{1}{4}$ of n. e. $\frac{1}{4}$ of section 14, township 21 s. \$10.

Edith Pearl Powell to Lucy E. Dickey, lots 17 and 18, block 17, Grand Avenue Park addition to Fresno, \$10.

GAMBLING IS STILL RUNNING

Assert a Bunch of Affidavits Filed Yesterday.

City Attorney Will Seek to Set Aside Default on November 26th.

City Attorney Ewing's motion to set aside the default entered against the city in the case of Wong Woo against the mayor and chief of police will be heard before Judge Church on Monday, Nov. 26th. Yesterday he filed his motion, supported by a large number of affidavits, and also his answer to the original complaint.

The answer sets forth that, while Wong Woo runs a cigar stand on the front of his premises at No. 1098 China alloy, the rear is occupied by a fan tan gambling joint, where violations of the state and city anti-gambling laws continually take place. It admits the fact that the place was entered on Aug. 30th last, "to the inconvenience of the persons there at the time." The answer declares that gambling is still going on there under the protection of the court's restraining order, and that the cigar store is a mere subterfuge.

The motion to set aside the default declares that a copy of the complaint was left with Mr. Ewing by one of the defendants during his absence from the office, and was afterward misplaced, so that he never saw it. The motion is supported by affidavits from Policemen Walton, Bradley, Doyle, Maden and Aubrey. All state that the place was run as a gambling joint up to the time of the issuance of the restraining order against the police, while Bradley says that he has seen gambling in progress there since that time and that Wong Woo admitted to him that gambling was going on.

Another strong affidavit is that of Frank Normart, a locksmith, who states that during September last he was called to Wong Woo's place to fit a key and while there saw a fan tan game in progress, saw money exchange hands over the table and the proprietor take his rake off.

More Election Statements.

Superior Judge Austin filed his statement of expenses in running for re-election. The total was \$326.35 and consisted of items for livery hire and advertising, as well as a contribution of \$60 to the county central committee.

The above amount is considerably smaller than the amount allowed by law to Superior judges, who may "blow" themselves to the extent of \$800 for the luxuries of office.

W. H. Puleton, re-elected constable in this city, spent \$104.20; A. E. Mason, re-elected constable at Fowler, spent \$6; Isaac Myer, elected Justice of the peace at Mendota, spent \$13.75; S. J. Dutcher, who ran for constable in the same district, spent \$12.80; Isaac Cohen, elected Justice of the peace at Clovis, spent \$4.

Wife's Life Was Threatened.

Judge Church has granted a divorce to Mrs. Leona Serradell on proof of charges of extreme cruelty against her by her husband, Phil Serradell. Though the couple have been married but a little over two years, the wife has suffered much from abuse, her husband both treating her with violence and consorting with other women. At one time, when she threatened to leave him on account of his actions, he held a pistol to her head, threatening to kill her should she desert him. The couple have been living at Selma, where Serradell was a workman.

In court yesterday Mrs. Serradell was represented by Attorney Dante R. Prince, while W. A. Conni appeared for the husband. The wife's story was supported by Mrs. A. Loiva. She was granted \$12 a month for the support of her year-old daughter.

Mrs. Dollie Capelhart has filed an amended complaint for divorce against Edward Capelhart, whom she married in 1899 in Missouri, and now wishes to leave on account of his vicious habits and failure to provide the common necessities of life for herself and two small sons.

An information was filed by the district attorney against Thomas Scovell, held to answer last month on a charge of felony embezzlement, he having sold a horse loaned to him by J. Ninave. The offense was committed on October 6th.

The trial of the case of J. A. Stewart against the Cyrus Oil company and certain of the principal stockholders was yesterday on stipulation continued to December 3rd.

FOWLER

The main streets of Fowler are now illuminated with ten lights which have turned the dark, dangerous corners into pleasant driveways. The town seems to have awakened into a new life, which makes residents proud of their home town. It is hoped that this move will inspire the citizens to undertake further improvements and make Fowler one of the most progressive towns of the valley.

At the first meeting of the night school for colored persons to be conducted by Mrs. Wooster, fifteen people signed their intention of becoming members. The school promises to be a success.

Miss Nannie Woodland of Albertville, Alabama, is here visiting her old-time friend, Mrs. J. B. Chambers, of the John Darling place. Miss Woodland is here for the winter.

N. H. Chappell, familiarly known as Cap Chappell, who for a great many years resided at Oleander, died a week ago at Crocker Old Peoples' Home in San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Dilly of Indiana, Iowa, arrived here last Sunday evening and are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. McCormick, south of town. Their daughters arrived three weeks ago and has been making her home with Mr. and Mrs. McCormick.

The Dillys were here three years ago and are here now with the full intention of locating permanently.

Miss Winnie Valer, recently of the Henshaw Conservatory of Music of Chicago, visited Fowler a few days ago and was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hart A. Downer. Miss Valer is much impressed with Fowler and may locate here.

Fowler, November 10, 1906.

We Have Moved.

The Grand Central Barber Shop has moved around the corner. Same old barbers, same old prices.

Change of Location.

G. J. Nees has moved his real estate office with Knight & Ewing Co., 3118 J St.

Tea Satisfaction

SEVEN FLAVORS

Golden Gate Japan
Golden Gate English Breakfast
Golden Gate Ceylon
Golden Gate Oolong
Golden Gate Fancy Blend
Golden Gate Gunpowder
Golden Gate Black and Green
Packed in Paper-Tight Cartons

J. A. Folger & Co., San Francisco

Sloan's Liniment

Is a whole medicine chest
Price 25c 50c & \$1.00

Send for Free Booklet on Horses, Cattle, Hogs & Poultry.
Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

HAY, DAIRY FARMS, ALFALFA FOR RENT--Pasturage for Cattle

We Have 4,000 Acres in Alfalfa

Kearney Vineyard Co.

Phone Main 1352
Fresno, Cal.

All the Latest Novels Received as Fast as Issued

Standard Novels in Boards
Novels in Paper Cover
Gift Editions Elegantly Bound

A Full Assortment of Light Reading Always on Hand

C. T. CEARLEY, Stationer, 1133 J St.

Telephone Main 48

For good Meat and Poultry.

Park Meat Market

Vermorel "Torpille" Sulphuring Machine

The only machine where sulphur can be directed at will. Inside the vine, underneath the leaves, from below, upwards. Send for circular.

The H. C. Shaw Company

A Great Sale of Tailored Suits Monday

Fifty Sample Suits Worth \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50, \$30 and \$35 On Sale Monday While They Last, \$15.75

They
Are
The
Very
Newest
Fall
Styles
Mostly
One
Of
A
Kind



Sale
Will
Start
Promptly
At
9 O'clock
Monday
Morning
None
Sent
On
Approval

They are travelers' samples from one of New York's best suit manufacturers. His salesmen returned from their season's last trip. He had practically no further use for the samples. Our New York buyer who represents several other houses made an offer for the entire lot. There were 300 all told. The price was much below actual cost to manufacture, but in consideration of cleaning up the entire lot was accepted. We got fifty of them. They are the very newest fall suits—jacket suits, eton suits, pony jacket suits. They are made of fine chiffon broadcloth, hard twisted English serge and real imported English gray suiting. The make, style and finish is absolutely beyond criticism. Being samples every detail was looked after most carefully. You know sample garments always receive the most careful attention by the manufacturers.

Supplement to these are thirty suits from our regular stock: \$25 and \$27.50 values, but because they are broken lines we offer them also at \$15.75; alterations extra.

THE WONDER

Cloak and Suit House



Procrastination is the Thief of Time

Do not let your teeth keep you awake night after night, but come to us and we will, if necessary, remove the tooth, but in many cases it can be saved if you will only come to us in time. We are the leading dentists in Fresno, and the reason is that we do nothing but first-class work, which is far superior to inferior work at any price. Our work is our best advertisement. We only use the papers lest you forget.

Yours for Reliable Dentistry

DR. G. W. FREE THE DENTIST

Bradley Block Cor. J and Mariposa Sts.

CROWN, BRIDGE AND PLATE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Heald's Chesnutwood Entertainment Course For the Winter 1906-07

Three Brilliant Lectures and a Grand Concert for One Dollar.

Dr. Albert E. Winship of Boston, the most popular speaker in America, will give the opening lecture of the course Friday evening December 14.

The other attractions include an illustrated lecture on "The Emerald Isle," by the Rev. J. W. Lundy; a lecture on "The Men of the Twentieth Century," by Dr. D. A. Mohley; and a grand concert and dramatic recital by the Riggs-Millard Concert and Recital Company.

To Those Interested in Fire Insurance.
With a desire to give credit where credit is due, I wish to state that in the settlement of my recent loss of house and furniture, through fire, the Palatine of London was by all odds the most prompt and liberal of all companies carrying insurance.—Signed,
A. M. THOMAS.

Local agents: PALATINE, DeWitt H. Gray & Co., Forsyth Bldg.

Get Your
Heating Stove
at Graff's

We've a fine line of heatings, both for coal and wood and know we can please you.

Our stove business has been larger this season than ever before, which goes to show that Graff's stores always give satisfaction.

Our heating stoves are modern in every way and consume a very small amount of fuel, yet throw out an immense lot of heat.

If you're stove needs buy at Graff's.

California Dried Fruits

make fine Christmas presents for your eastern friends. And it's time now to get them off if you wish to have them reach there in time.

All you have to do is to phone down, tell us the name and address and we'll ship the fruit for you.

We've a fine line of dried prunes, raisins, figs, peaches and all the other delicious dried fruits.

Mr. Booth, who has been clerking in a local drug store for several months, left for the city Friday, having accepted a position in that place.

Charles McDonald of Merced was visiting at the home of J. W. Henderson of South Sanger during the first part of the week.

W. T. Agee and his accomplished daughter Bellie left for points East Saturday. They will make an extensive tour of the states, returning home about the 1st of January.

Mrs. P. M. Savage and little son Philip of Merced are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Roberts, of South Sanger.

E. P. Devry of the Heald was called to Hanford Wednesday to attend the last sickness of his aged father.

Rev. George of West Sanger, who suffered a broken limb some weeks ago, is recuperating fast, having walked once on crutches last week.

Mrs. J. R. Atiy returned to her home in West Sanger last week, having made an extensive trip East.

Mrs. N. L. Durbin is again at her home south of town, having visited friends and relatives East for several weeks.

Miss Lizzie Hoyt was this afternoon hostess at a party given in honor of her 10th birthday at her home on Ford street. The invited guests were Muriel Monser, Jessie Works, Martha Wilson, Olga Banks, Marion Schumaker, Ethel Walker, Verma Bowhay, Lila Wood, Ethel Boyle and Geneva Holt.

Mrs. Florence Roberts, state pension missionary, will address a union meeting at the Christian church tomorrow evening. Her subject will be "Migratory.

As special of the Union church services will unite in this meeting, a large audience and an interesting time is anticipated.

The funeral services of the late Ed. M. Dewey of Oakdale, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the undertaking parlors of Thomas & Rice in this city.

Dyspepsia and Constipation

can be cured with Laxo Black Peppermint, which is nature's remedy. Price, 3c, only at Smith Bros' Drug Store.

Freeman's special tamales and empanadas, 943 J.

TO ADMINISTER DAVIS ESTATE

Letters Issued to Public Administrator Dungan.

Electric Cars Will Be Running Into Visalia By February 1st from Lemon Cove.

VISALIA, Nov. 17.—The June Davis will was today admitted to probate by Judge Wallace and an order issued appointing T. M. Dungan administrator of the estate with the will annexed. Thus ends the long legal fight between the public administrators of San Francisco, Visalia and Fresno to administer on this rich estate. Dungan was the first to apply for letters, although Chittenden of Fresno was the first to receive letters. These rival administrators carried the question to the Superior court and Dungan's contention was upheld.

An action was begun today in the Superior court by Sarah F. Ogilvie against W. F. Bean to prevent the latter from further interfering with a claim maintained by the plaintiff in the Kaweah river to divert water into plaintiff's ditch in the dry season, also to compel him to desist from turning waste water into plaintiff's ditch. Alfred Biggett is attorney for plaintiff.

One of the most interesting events of the week was the musical given by the members of the Karamanah club at the residence of Mrs. T. A. Elliott Friday afternoon. The music selected of vocal and instrumental selections from Mendelssohn's music usually played to Shakespeare's "Midsummer Night's Dream," being arranged for the occasion by Mrs. S. Mitchell. There were also sketches from the play presented by club members. Nearly all took part and the affair altogether was most interesting and entertaining.

One of December's most conspicuous events will be the third annual reception and ball by Visalia Commandery, Knights Templar. It will occur on the night of Friday, December 28th, and as last year, no invitations will be extended outside of the commandery—wives and lady friends of the knights being the only guests. The ball will be held at the auditorium.

Mrs. P. M. Baier entertained the Wednesday club this week at her residence on West Avenue street. A very pleasant time was had at the card tables. The subcommittee on this occasion were Mrs. George Giles, Mrs. F. Dowling and Mrs. John Cutler.

Nearly all of the jugs have been erected for the Visalia electric railroad between Exeter and Lemon Cove, and will be put up shortly between Exeter and this city. The equipment has been ordered for some time and it is expected that electric cars will be running into Visalia by the 1st of February.

Mrs. J. W. Gearhardt and daughter, Mrs. Cleary of Fresno, who took part in the Wanroll musical last night and who have been the guests while here of Mrs. John H. Harter, a sister of Mrs. Gearhardt, left this morning for their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Duncan left this morning on the Santa Fe for South Greenfield, Missouri.

Mrs. D. B. Boyle of Fresno is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Perkins.

Visalia Camp, Woodmen of the World, and Visalia and Magnolia Circles, Women of Woodmen, tonight entertained a large number of members of the orders from all parts of the country at the opera house and Woodmen hall. Addresses were delivered by R. White, consul commander, and Attorney M. E. Power and music rendered by Howard's orchestra. Dancing was later in order and continued until midnight. At the Woodmen hall supper was served. A special train arriving at 8 o'clock from Tulare brought a large crowd from that place. There were several hundred in attendance.

The Bank of Visalia will begin shortly the remodeling of the building owned by it on Main street formerly occupied by Fred Kern as a harness shop.

The contract for the work was let this afternoon to N. P. Rogers. A partnership will be constructed between that building and the structure on the east owned by the Cross Hardware company and now occupied by Leslie Cook. As soon as the bank's building is completed, Mr. Cook will move into it, having secured, it is understood, a five year's lease. The Cross Hardware company will at once erect a handsome two-story structure on their property and occupy the same.

HANFORD BUDGET.

High School Athletes Will Try Out Monday for Field Day.

HANFORD, Nov. 17.—The preliminary hearing of Charlie Austin was to be held today set for 2 o'clock Monday. Young Minnie stole a horse and buggy belonging to John Sullivan from in front of the M. E. church a short time ago. His mother and stepfather arrived last evening from their home in Oxford and will employ counsel to defend the boy.

The boys of the H. U. H. S. have been training for the past two months in order to constitute a winning team in the coming field day at Tulare. A test will be held next Monday, at which time the best men will be selected for the county to be held at the Hanford fair grounds on Thanksgiving.

The funeral services of Mrs. Delbert Snider were held at 2 o'clock today from the undertaking parlors of Thomas & Rice, the service being conducted by Rev. Stewart of Selma. A large number of friends followed the remains to Hanford cemetery.

Miss Leslie Hoyt was this afternoon hostess at a party given in honor of her 10th birthday at her home on Ford street.

The invited guests were Muriel Monser, Jessie Works, Martha Wilson, Olga Banks, Marion Schumaker, Ethel Walker, Verma Bowhay, Lila Wood, Ethel Boyle and Geneva Holt.

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NEITHER SIDE COULD SCORE

Selma and Visalia Hi Teams Play Tie Game.

First Half Played in Center, But in Second Visalia's Goal Was in Danger.

SELMA, Nov. 17.—An evenly matched game of football was played in Selma this afternoon between the Selma High and the Tulare High school teams. The score was 0 to 0 notwithstanding the great effort in the last half, when the Selma boys came near scoring several times. The first half was played in the center of the field, neither team seeming to have advantage in strength or skill, but in the second half Tulare's goal was in danger, as most of the playing was done in the territory of the visitors. It was a lively game and both teams acquitted themselves well. About 200 spectators were in attendance. The Tulare boys were served with a banquet in the High school. They expressed themselves as delighted with the many souvenirs shown by the Selma Hi pupils.

Invitations are out for the installation of officers of Helldridge chapter, No. 30, Order of the Eastern Star, the affair to take place on Monday evening, November 26th, in the Masonic temple. The officers-elect are as follows: Mrs. Cora Mitchell, worthy matron; Mrs. C. H. Sherwood, treasurer; Mrs. W. A. Yost, secretary; Mrs. Chester Dusy, conductor; Mrs. Irene Manlove, associate conductor; Mrs. Parris Allie, installing officer.

Miss Lewellen Ives is here from Los Angeles on a visit with her father, Z. T. Ives.

J. E. Sage came down from the Dilmonian mills this week to remain with his family during the winter months.

Bon Shippy and wife have gone to Van Buren, Arkansas, for a three-months' visit.

M. M. Vincent of Merced was here the first of the week for a brief visit with his brother, M. Vincent.

Adam Butler has purchased the W. M. Evans ranch of twenty-seven acres and rented it for the ensuing year.

Mrs. B. M. McElroy of Southern California has been in Selma this week visiting the family of J. M. Griffin. She is Mr. Griffin's aunt.

Mrs. Ed. Fogg and daughter of Oroville are in Selma looking after property interests.

Mrs. Jos. Peacock of Hanford has been in Selma this week as the guest of her daughter, Mrs. P. P. Hoover.

A. B. Smith, tax collector-elect, was in Selma Wednesday receiving the congratulations of many friends here.

CHURCHES.

BAPTIST—N and Merced—Rev. Arthur Polk Brown, pastor. Morning service and sermon, 11 o'clock; subject: "A Vision of the Promised Land"; evening service and sermon, 7:30 o'clock; subject: "The Shadow of the Cross."

EPISCOPAL—N and Fresno—Rev. H. S. Hanson, pastor. Morning service and sermon, 11 o'clock; subject: "Construction and Contention"; evening prayer and sermon, 7:30 o'clock; subject: "Two Stumbling Blocks."

CONGREGATIONAL—Inyo and Mono—Rev. Charles N. Queen, pastor. Sermon topics: "David, a Mighty Man" and "Motherhood"; evening prelude, "Our Real Standing Army."

CHRISTIAN—N and Mariposa—Rev. A. C. McKeever, pastor. Sermon at 11 o'clock and at 7:30.

PRESBYTERIAN—M and Merced—Rev. Dr. Thomas Boyd, pastor. Morning sermon, "The Inescapable Conclusion"; evening subject, "Present Day Purity, or Some Modern Phases of Social Life."

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN—L and Merced—Rev. J. M. Gillespie, pastor. Preaching at 11 o'clock; sermon subject, "The Victorious Life"; evening worship and sermon; subject, "Dishonesty Revealed."

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN—Tulare and N streets—Rev. Duncan Wallace, pastor. Morning service and sermon, 11 o'clock; subject: "Man's Duty to God"; evening service and sermon, 7:30 o'clock; subject: "The Lost Chord."

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—M and Tuolumne—Rev. Lyman E. Rockwell, pastor. Morning worship and sermon, 11 o'clock; subject of sermon, "Having Faith"; evening worship and sermon, 7:30 o'clock; "Niagara Falls and Buffalo," one of a series in the "Tales of Two Cities."

CHURCH OF CHRIST—Tent, P and Mariposa. Preaching, 11 o'clock; subject, "Love"; preaching, 3 o'clock; "The Hatchet"; preaching, 7:30, "The New Birth."

LUTHERAN—Lutheran L and Venaria St. Hornick, pastor. Services, 10:30 a.m. and 3 p.m.; Sunday school, 9:15.

SWEDISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN—Venaria—Venaria and Yosemite Streets, P. M. preaching by Rev. G. M. Esom.

ST. MELIENS—Fresno. Services at 10:30 a.m. and 3 p.m. by Rev. N. C. Nelson.

SPRINKLERS—Rev. C. A. Grimes, late of San Francisco, will lecture on sprinklers at Kohler Hall this evening at 7:30 p. m.

ST. PAUL'S—Rev. F. G. Sorrells, Rev. L. E. Moore, pastor. Sunday school at 10:30 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; "Finding the Kingdom"; Junior league at 2:30 p. m.; Senior league at 6:30 p. m.

BELMONT AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. W. B. McElveen, pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday 7:30 p. m.

NORTH SIDE CHRISTIAN—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; "Junior Leader" at 4:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 6:30 p. m.

ST. JOHANNES CONGREGATION—Pastor, Preaching by Rev. H. J. Jensen at 10:30 a. m. and 3 p. m.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST—Scientist 2027 Market street between Landis and K. Services at 11 a. m.; subject, "Soil and Boats"; Sunday school at 10 a. m.

NATIONAL COLONY SERVICES—Preaching at Union Chapel at 6 p. m. by Rev. C. A. Mann, D. D

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN

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CHESTER H. ROWELL, Editor and Manager

THE OTHER FOOL.

If we may judge from the wise advice we get, the sum of wisdom is to know which variety of fool the other fellow is, and treat him accordingly.

"Your wife is a fool," says the yellow journal matrimonial adviser, "therefore jolly her with all manner of transparent false pretense, in order to keep her fool enough to love you." "Your husband is a fool," says the woman in the next column, "therefore slather him with all sorts of idiotic adulation, that he may remain fool enough to give you your own fool way." "Every man has his weak side," says the head writer, "find out what that is, play to it, and earn large tips." "Every man is a fool on some subject," says the successful bar-bar, "talk to him on that, as foolish as you know, and he will come back again for a shave, a shave, a haircut and more foolishness." "The public is a fool," says the politician, "therefore beware to tell it the truth, but make all the appeals you can to its stupid prejudices." "The jury is a fool," says the lawyer, "therefore appeal to its prejudices rather than to its intelligence." "Your patients are fools," says the quack doctor (and some regular ones), "therefore treat them for their imaginary ailments rather than their real ones." "Your congregation consists of fools," says the preacher, "therefore beware to tell them the whole truth as you see it, and encourage them to pin their faith and rest their salvation on ignorance and darkness." "The people are fools," says the merchant, "therefore sell them shoddy, flashy stuff for 99 cents, instead of good stuff for 75 cents." "Your readers are fools," says the yellow journalist, "therefore debase them with falsehood and sensation." And so on down the line.

And all these fool-hungry wags rich and great and famous, and therefore demonstrate the correctness of their fool doctrine. Or, do they? Is it not the foolishness of all that the only use to make of your neighbor is to get something out of him? If the purpose of life is to over-reach your neighbor, then of course you must go at him from his blind side. But true wisdom consists rather in mutual understanding, mutual helpfulness, traveling together toward the light. Our neighbors are indeed great fools, if we look for their foolishness. So are we. But they have also much wisdom to impart, if that is what we look for. And surely it is a wiser use of life to get wisdom from others than it is to overreach their foolishness to multiply our own.

A VAIN SLOGAN.

An attempt will be made to rally the scattered fragments of the Democratic party around the slogan of "tariff reform." It will not work. For the tariff must be reformed on either protective or anti-protective principles. The Democratic party has always stood against protection and can hardly come over to the protectionist side now, except by openly confessing that it has always been wrong, and squarely coming out for protection. Unless the Democratic party does this, it can not secure the votes of a protectionist people for the destruction of protection. And even if it were to come out squarely for protection, with reform within protection lines, it would be promising nothing but what the Republican party proposes to do. If the tariff is to be reformed protectively, the American people prefer that the Republican party do it. If any one proposes to reform it non-protectively, he can count on the votes of only the few anti-protectives.

The same thing holds true of the proposed tariff commission. It would of course be much better to turn the whole tariff over to a commission of experts, authorized to change schedules whenever needed. But the principle on which those changes would have to be made is political, not technical, and must be decided by the people or their representatives. No protectionist congress is going to accept the determinations of free-trade experts, and no anti-protectionist congress is going to accept the determinations of protectionist experts. The question will not go down and can not be shelved. A political revision of the tariff always injures business, and usually defeats the party that undertakes it. No wonder the "stand-patters" hesitate so long to revise the tariff. But there is no other way to revise it. When schedules get so far out of touch with conditions as to make it more injurious to retain than to change the tariff, the change will be made; not before or otherwise.

"LUXURIES."

The Bureau of Statistics has issued a statement of the "luxuries" imported last year. These "luxuries"—we import \$100,000,000 worth of them—are classified as diamonds and precious stones, lace, edgings, embroideries and ribbons, feathers, chamoisine, tobacco, perfumes, toilet articles and the like. Not a word about truffled goose livers and petits pois misfits. For the Bureau of Statistics, quite correctly, refuses to classify food, even good food, as a luxury. Otherwise, where shall we draw the line? Prison diet includes coffee and sugar, with raisins at stated intervals; the army emergency ration, calculated down to the lowest possible terms, includes a cake of chocolate; the menu in the boarding camps of loggers and

railway construction gangs includes dried fruit, coffee and onions. All these things are "luxuries" in the sense that life can be sustained without them. So can it be sustained without wool, meat or lumber. In that definition of "luxury," everything is a luxury except water and air. Food, clothing and shelter are necessary, but not any particular article of either. The only rational definition of luxury is the one adopted by the government and used in the enumeration above quoted.

This alone disposes of the whole "luxury argument" on the raisin tariff. Either raisins are not a luxury, or else practically everything is a luxury. If raisins are not a luxury, then the luxury doctrine would put no tariff on them. If everything is a luxury, then the luxury doctrine would put a tariff on everything, and we might as well do the thing direct, without going so far around. As a matter of fact, of course, the whole question is one of protection or not protection. If we are to have a protective tariff, raisins are entitled to protection. If we are not to have a protective tariff, there is no other excuse for any tariff adequate for protection on raisins.

The action of the California wine men in putting immature wines in the market to compete with the cheap "brick vineyard" product of the East, is a reminder of the importance to us of the pure food bill, just passed and now about to go into effect. Under this bill, and the wine bill, actual vineyardists in the East, making wine of the Eastern grapes, are given a liberal, or even an extreme latitude. They are allowed to stretch their produce with sugar, water, and even glucose and still sell it as pure wine. This gives us close enough competition. But the sophisticated products of the brick vineyards, made of almost anything except grape juice, will be shut out. They may still be made and sold, provided the adulterations are not dangerous, but they must be sold for what they are, and therefore cease to be a competitor for the trade of the man who really wants wine. This law will not help us as much as would a straight requirement that nothing shall be sold as wine which contains anything but pure fermented grape-juice. But that law can not be passed—the East has too many votes for us. And with the situation as it is, there seems to be nothing to do but to get cheap wines on the cheap market as cheaply as possible, and trust to the high grade wines to preserve our reputation for quality. Of course, even the cheap wines will be pure, something that can be said of none of the cheap wines with which they come in competition.

NEGRO SHOOTS AT CHINAMAN

Brother of Truitt's Victim Run Amuck.

Tom McMullen and Henry Weeks Refused Admittance to Den and Start to Shoot.

Upon being refused entrance to a reputed Chinese lottery den last night, Tom McMullen, a negro, and brother of the man shot by Jevs. Truitt last summer, pulled his gun and fired four shots through the door at Lee Chong, the proprietor of the place. None of the bullets hit the Chinaman, however.

McMullen, accompanied by another negro by the name of Henry Weeks, approached the place at 1009 G street and after passing through the outside door were confronted by Chong, who refused to admit them to the inner room. The two men stated that they wished to purchase lottery tickets, to which the Chinaman replied that he had none to sell. The negroes then tried to make their way past the Chinaman, who slammed the inner door in the faces of the intruders.

This angered McMullen and he drew a .38-caliber revolver and fired four shots at the door, after which the two men left. The shots attracted Officers Enos, Kennedy and Cronkhite, who searched Chinatown for this negro. Another negro named H. Francis told the officers where the men lived on North F street. The policemen then went to the houses of the culprits and awaited their return.

McMullen and Weeks appeared shortly and were placed under arrest and conducted to the scene of the shooting for identification. Here Chong positively identified the two men as those who made the assault. Although the two negroes were bandenaded together, McMullen, upon seeing that he was plainly caught, struck the Chinaman with his free hand, cutting a deep gash in the latter's head.

When the men were being taken to jail, McMullen threatened to shoot Kennedy at the first chance. He requested to be put where he could not get at Truitt, his brother's slayer, as he said he would "kill Truitt and kill him right." Weeks, the other negro, seemed to have had little to do with the affray, but McMullen, who boast of having killed twelve men, is either a terrible criminal or thinks he is a bad man. He has sworn that he would kill Truitt if he ever saw him and has been in many scrapes of late.

POLICE COURTS WILL SIT DAY AND NIGHT

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—If the plans of Chicago's new municipal judges materialize, the city probably will have magistrates sitting in every police district in the city at every hour of the day or night.

This innovation will remove one of the strongest incentives for policemen to avoid making arrests. Under the present system, if a policeman arrests a man at night he must remain in the police station until the case is disposed of.

With night sessions of the police court, the prisoner will be arraigned immediately, and if he scores a conviction it will be to another night court. This will give the patrolman ample opportunity to sleep and will remove the incentive to free guilty persons.

December

Delineators Now In—15c.

Kutner-Goldstein Co., ..

All 25c Sheet Music Now 19c.

Special Sale of Women's \$40 to \$50 Field Suits Monday \$35

Without a doubt these suits will find new owners quickly tomorrow morning. For there are few ladies in Fresno who aren't wishing for a plaid suit. An opportunity like this to get a much higher priced suit for the same amount you regularly pay, will be taken advantage of by most every one needing a new suit.

They're novelty ideas that our New York office sent us as samples, and much to the satisfaction and pleasure of all there's only one of a kind. You'll like them just the minute you see them. Some are of broadcloth, and others are of Panama, in beautiful plaid combinations.

Their swagger cut and clever style will surely please you.

Be prompt in coming tomorrow if you wish first choice.

Don't forget the price, \$35 for suits worth regularly \$40 and \$50.

A Large Assortment of Art Work

Pretty linen doilies, table covers, and bureau scarfs are here in a large variety of new designs awaiting your selections. If you're planning to give Christmas presents in this line, it's a good idea to make your selections now while the assortment is at its best.

Prices range from 25c to \$7.50.

Laces: Season's Most Stylish Trimmings

Fashion ordered that rich laces should adorn all stylish, dressy gowns, so we acted accordingly. Judging by the way Fresno women are buying our laces, we know they're pleased with our selections. Well they should be, for we bought the prettiest the country affords.

A few suggestions about what we have for you:

Net Top Laces, 1 1/2 to 10 inches wide. Oriental Insertions, 1 1/2 to 2 inches wide. Oriental All Overs, 18 to 36 inches wide. Plenty of beautiful patterns in ecru, cream and white.

Prices from 10c to \$15 yard.

Monday's Groceries

Bread, loaf	2c
Jell-O, pkg.	8c
Valely Cream, can	8c
Holbrook's Sauce, bottle, 23c	\$3.50 and \$4.
Cabbage, lb.	2c

Sgrossi Shoes

For women. America's best shoes — in many pretty new styles. \$3.50 and \$4. We're sole agents.

Lehnhardt's Candies, 50c



Wilson Heaters, \$6.75

Dee-licious! California's best candies at 50c a pound. All varieties. Get some tomorrow.

Wilson Heaters, \$6.75

Best! This large size improved Wilson Air Tight heater at \$6.75 is an extra good value.

Sale of Box Stationery Next Wednesday, See the Window!

FRATS WERE DEALT BLOW

"Unsocial, Comical, Degenerative and Dangerous."

Report of Special Committee of Chicago Society Is a Scorcher.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—High school fraternities and societies were dealt a crushing blow yesterday when the committee of the secondary schools made its report, after three years investigation, condemning the secret societies as fetish, comical, unusual and of a degenerating influence.

The report, which is considered the most thorough study of the high school problem was read by Principal Spencer A. Smith of Wendell Phillips high school at the nineteenth annual conference of the academies and high schools in relation with the University of Chicago in Haskell hall. It was adopted unanimously.

Over 400 high schools and preparatory institutions situated in nearly every state in the country, are enrolled in the association and the dorm of the "prep" school Greek Letter societies, which exist in the majority of the schools, was declared to have been marked by the conclusions reached. Some of the high school principals in suggesting ways and means to stamp out the evil, branded fraternity members with most severe names.

Principal E. V. Robinson of the Central high school of St. Paul, taking the stand that the board of education should prohibit fraternities rather than let parents work out the problem themselves, described the conditions in his school.

"I have found that in my seven years' experience at Central high school, the fraternity has had a most degenerating influence," he said. "Boys belonging to fraternities, I have found, will lie, cheat, do anything to remain legal to their societies. The fraternity has developed professional bars in my school."

Pointed Paragraphs.

Turn satiric upside down and you have slander.

There are some ministers who practice what they preach.

Nine times out of a possible ten it's good policy not to.

And the less money a woman has to spend the more she talks shop.

You must waste time, waste your own. Do not waste other people's.

As a rule, when people say what they mean a lot of explanation is necessary.

It takes a mug with strong will power to listen to a reason when he is annoyed.

Concubines people are alike. Ideas.

They refuse to strike a man when he is down.—Chicago Daily News.

POLICE MAKE RAID ON GAMBLING DEN

Thirty-five Law Breakers Are Arrested in the Lee Toy Joint.

The police made another successful raid on a gambling den in Chinatown last night and arrested thirty-five Japs at Chinamen, besides securing \$280 and enough Indian paraphernalia to start a dozen ordinary gaming tables. The raid was made at about 10 o'clock by McSwain and Drenth in plain clothes. The officers slipped by the guards and mixed in with the gamblers without anyone knowing of their presence. The house was full of Orientals and money was stacked on the tables.

The officers held up the joint and marched the gamblers to police headquarters, where the whole crowd was promptly released on bail. The place is run by Lee Toy and is situated at the southeast corner of China Alley and Tidore street. It has always been so carefully guarded by two watchmen that it was a hard matter to gain entrance and last night's raid is a decided triumph for the police department.

The statement is made that a number of persons, both whites and colored, have expressed their willingness to assist in bearing the expenses of the suit.

Colonel Bacon is considered an expert in military law. Weintraub says he intends to have two bills introduced at the next session of congress on behalf of the Afro-American council, one depriving the president and secretary of war of the power to discharge soldiers without trials, and the other for the reinstatement of the men discharged from the Twenty-fifth infantry.

Calls were sent out yesterday for special meetings of the Ministerial Association of Colored Preachers, the Baptist Ministers' Meeting, and the Clerical Union of Long Island, on Monday next to take action on President Roosevelt's attitude toward the negro troops.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

Mere force of habit makes a girl scream when she is in the dark with a man.

Chorus girls are mighty shrewd to be able to buy diamonds so cheap that their small salaries can stand it.

The worst about having a good reputation is the way you sometimes try to live up to it when you don't want to.

Among other things, Mrs. Parsons

is a lecturer at Stanford college on sociological subjects for six years.

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is a lecturer at Stanford college on sociological subjects for six years.

Therefore, it would seem well from

this point of view to encourage early

marriage, the relation to be entered into with a view to permanency,

NO GERMANS NEED APPLY

General Staff of the Army Is Criticised.

Officer Born in Germany Says that Bars Him from Promotion.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The Times today prints a letter said to have been written by Captain Carl Reichman, U. S. A., until recently a military instructor in West Point and a military attaché representing this country in Manchester and South Africa, in which the statement is made that Captain Reichman is refused admission as a member of the general staff of the United States army because, as he alleges, he was born in Germany. The letter was written to a friend in this city; it is stated, and relates a series of suspicions entertained by brother officers against him.

Captain Reichman, it is stated, never intended that the letter should be made public, but his friends are said to have thought differently about it.

All extract of the letter published follows:

"I almost wish I could have died without knowing I was not trusted by my superiors. In nearly twenty-five years of service, I have done my duty without looking to the right or to the left, yet I am not trusted. I do not want any scandal, and the last thing I want to do is to involve the general staff in a scandal, for even if they do refuse me admission my duty compels me to assist them in their work so far as lies within my power and my province. My heart is broken. I shall always feel that I am under suspicion that I cannot even go and visit my old mother without arousing suspicion of my disloyalty in the minds of the general staff."

Long silk gloves,
Black or white
\$1.50



\$6.00 Silk Umbrellas, silver mounted
\$4.50

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits For Dress and Evening Functions



Copyright 1906 by Hart, Schaffner & Marx

The winter and holiday festivities are close at hand. You will want to hold your own in regard to appearance. To complete your wardrobe you should have a Hart, Schaffner & Marx full dress suit or Tuxedo. If it has the H. S. & M. label you'll know it's right.

They are made of finest grade, all wool, unfinished worsted, in rich, fast black, exquisitely hand tailored, finest silk lining and facing, shawl collar, military shoulder and form fitting. They embody the acme of high art tailoring.

H. S. & M. Tuxedo Suits \$37.50

H. S. & M. full dress suits \$40.00

New Plaid Ribbons

We are showing a magnificent assortment of new plaid ribbons in all the late color effects and black and white, wide widths for hair ribbon belts or hat trimming, an excellent quality; special ... \$50c



\$2 Petticoats \$1.48

Ladies' petticoats of good quality cambrie muslin, elaborately trimmed with good washable lace, three good styles, cut very full, well made and special for Monday ... \$1.48

Great Fur Values

Fine Fox Scarfs, \$7.95

Ladies' Throw Scarf of Isabella Fox, 36 inches long, with large natural tails, very full ... \$7.95

Opossum Scarf, \$4.50

Ladies' scarf of sable opossum, 27 inches long, natural tails, with large hook and chain fastening ... \$4.50

Isabella Boa \$13.50

Ladies' Isabella long boa, with cord and tassel fastenings and large fur tails, very full \$13.50

Sable Boa, \$10.00

Ladies' opossum sable boa, finished with silk ornaments, with cord and tassel; three sable tails on each end. Price \$10.00

Genuine Fox Boa, \$15.00

Coney Scarf, \$5.00 Ladies' Fox Boa of sa-ble color, extra full, with Sable coney, with wide cord and tassel, 72 inches long, the double fur ends and silk lined, 36 long. The double fur ends long, price \$5.00 style ... \$15.00

In the Bazaar Monday

Celery and Cranberry Dishes

7 inch round Cranberry bowls ... 10¢

8 inch fire polish Cranberry bowls, like cut glass ... 50¢

Glass Celery Trays, new designs ... 10¢

Glass Celery Stands, new designs ... 10¢

Glass Jelly Dishes, footed ... 10¢

Roasting Pans

To get the proper brown on the Thanksgiving bird, be sure to look up our excellent assortment of Roasting Pans. Here are a few Thanksgiving prices:

9x12 special ... 15¢ 14x15 special ... 40¢

14x14 special ... 35¢ 12x14 special ... 30¢

12x12 special ... 25¢ 16x17 special ... 45¢

Universal Food Choppers

The greatest labor saver and ideal machine for making your mince meat. Comes in three sizes and specially priced this week. Sizes:

No. 1 special ... \$1.49

No. 2 special ... \$1.75

No. 3 special ... \$2.50

Plum pudding moulds or steamers 40¢ and 50¢

Excellent enamelware collanders ... 24¢

Best thin blown table tumblers, worth 80¢ doz; special each ... 5¢

Monday's Specials From Linen Section

60 Inch Bleached Linen, 50¢

A full 60 inch bleached table linen, in floral designs, and borders, good staple quality; special ... 50¢

\$1.00 Linen Table Damask, 75¢

68 inch satin finish table damask, all pure linen, beautiful patterns to select from, a regular \$1.00 value; special ... 75¢

24 inch napkins to match, worth \$1.00; special per dozen ... 2.50

72 Inch Satin Damask, \$1.00

A magnificent 72 inch satin table damask, with either floral or dotted centers, with double borders; a very rich satin finish; special sale price ...

... \$1.00

3-4 napkins to match, special per doz ... 50¢

Do You Want To Make Money?

KEEP YOUR EYE ON NEW ELECTRIC LINE. THE SUBWAY UNDER THE S. P. R. R. RESERVATION ON FRESNO STREET IS NOW BEING BUILT.

You want to make money and at the same time improve and make you a suburban home near the city. Now is your opportunity to purchase 5 or 10 acres in the Weil Home tract. No better land in country. This land is bound to double in value soon. Fresno is bound to be a big city. The Subway, when completed, means money for everybody. So KEEP YOUR EYE ON THE NEW EXTENSION. WOY & MADSEN'S NEW ACRE TRACT is now surveyed and platted, streets and alleys will be graded soon. Remember this tract contains 20 acre lots and adjoins the city limits, and facing on Tehama, El Dorado, Shasta and White Bridge avenues. Don't miss this opportunity, a chance to make money and own your own home. Don't delay a day, but let us show you this property. Lands right, location right, terms right, price right, 1-4 cash, balance in 7, 2, 3 and 4 years.

Woy & Madsen 138 J Street.

WE SELL THE EARTH.

Scott & Maltby, printers, phone Main 2616. 833 I street.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Nov. 17.—At the session of San Jose grange today the market committee reported that prunes are selling on a 30-cent basis, and that it is expected they will soon reach 32 cents. Peaches are selling at 10 cents.

Atlanta Post, G. A. R. Next Saturday we celebrate our 35th birthday. All members are requested to be at our Post room at 9:30 with well-filled baskets; dinner at 12 m. Our afternoon exercises will consist of history of the Grand Army of the Republic, history of the Atlanta Post, and war records of the comrades. All old Union soldiers and their families are cordially invited to assist us in our anniversary exercises with their presence. The press is especially invited. H. V. PARKER, Adj.

Hot Water Bottles
Guaranteed. Right prices. Baker & Colson.

Scott & Maltby, printers, phone Main 2616. 833 I street.

WEATHER

FRESNO, Nov. 17.—Official reading at 3 p. m.: Temperature, dry bulb 58°; wet bulb 47°; humidity 46%; wind (N.E.) miles per hour 8; maximum 62; minimum 33; Fair Sunday.

The pressure gradients have moved rapidly eastward during the past twenty-four hours. A high area now occupies the Atlantic states. The storm center yesterday east of the Rocky mountains has entered the Mississippi valley, with its center over Lake Superior. A secondary depression overlies the South Rocky mountain districts. The eastward movement of the storm center caused rain or snow over the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains, the lower Missouri, Mississippi and Ohio valleys, the Lake region, the Appalachian range and a portion of New England. Moderately high pressure is central over the middle Pacific slope and a cool wave covers the states bordering on the Rocky mountains. Light rains have fallen over a portion of northern California and the Northwest states.

J. P. HOLTON, Official in Charge.

LOCAL BREVIETIES

Tell Your friends about Holland's high-class coffee.

Dr. Thomas, dentist.

Dr. Kelley, dentist.

Dr. Glasgow, dentist.

Tally tags at the Republican.

New rigs. Arcade Stable, M. 346.

Oak Shaving Parlors, 1035 1st.

Dr. Atien, Dentist, Forsyth Bldg.

Dr. Gilbert, dentist, Green Bldg.

Dr. Hall, dentist, Voorman block.

D. T. Wiene, lawyer, Forsyth Bldg.

O. J. Howard, dentist, Patterson block.

Dr. O. B. Doyle, 29-30 Patterson block.

Funeral work and decorations. Miss Seibert.

Potted plants. Miss Parsons, 1917 Fresno street.

Sequoia Hotel and Cafe, regular Sunday dinner \$1, wine \$1.

You are guaranteed good sweet bread at the Model Bakery.

Dr. Kearns' glasses make the vision clear and easy. 2030 Mariposa St.

Chamberlain & Heisler have opened a carriage trimming shop at 866 J.

Have your yard cleaned by the Fresno Scavenger Co. Phone Main 524.

Mrs. M. Shimmins, the florist. Floral work a specialty. We make our frames any design.

The Grand Central Barber Shop has moved around the corner, under the Grand Central Hotel.

Hughes Cafe, regular dinner 75 cents. Best values in the county. Music tonight by Burton orchestra.

I wish my many friends to know that I no longer represent Knight & Ewing, an located at 1152 J St. with F. M. Chittenden & Co. I. S. Knight.

Funeral services over the late Mrs. Nora Stratton will be held at Stephens & Bean's chapel tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited.

The subject at the vesper service of the Y. W. C. A. this evening will be "God's Plan for Me," upon which Mrs. L. E. Rockwell, wife of the pastor of the First Methodist church, will speak. C. L. Sherill will sing.

Marriage licenses have been issued to F. E. Hampton of Long Beach, aged 34 years, and Luisa A. Deck of Gazzelle, Siskiyou county, 24; Edward R. Futrell of San Mateo, 19; and Katie Schaffer, Fresno, 19; Gru Reed, 21, and Lena Judd, 20, both of Fresno.

Rev. J. E. Moore, newly appointed pastor of St. Paul's M. E. Church South, will be the speaker at this afternoon's meeting at the Young Men's Christian association. His subject will be "Giving Need to One's Self." Clark Steiger, R. A. Powell, H. B. Ashton and J. A. Fechner will sing as a quartet.

Society Dania held a well attended and enthusiastic meeting last night in Old Fellow's hall. M. Jensen and Nels Moller were initiated into the society and several applications for membership were received. Plans were talked of for a Christmas celebration which will be a big social feature of the year and to which the members are looking forward with a great deal of pleasure.

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Also a vast assortment of other pieces, including Coffee Spoons, Desert Knives and Spoons, Butter Spreaders, Butter Knives, Sugar Ladles, Fruit Knives, Soup Spoons, Children's Sets and Chafing Dishes.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Parker Lyon, Fred Stone, Charles Puckhaber and Ed Lawrey are after the festive quail in the foothills today. C. M. Shannon and son, Roy Shannon, left yesterday for Southern California and Arizona, their destination being Tucson, where the former will remain for an indefinite period for the benefit of his health.

THOMAS BOINT ADJUDGED INSANE

Wife Waiting for Him in South Dakota Not Knowing His Condition.

Thomas Boint, the laborer from the Converse Basin mills, who was found sick and out of his mind on the streets of Fresno on election night, was yesterday examined for insanity by Drs. Barr and Miller and committed to Stockton from Judge Church's court. This was the third time he had been examined, on the previous occasions his having been sent to the county hospital in the hope that he would recover.

Boint, it has been learned, has a wife and children in South Dakota, who are even now expecting his early return home. About a year ago he came West expecting to send for his family later. He made some money in the mills and was about to send for his family when an attack of acute heart disease brought him to a fit of insanity that bids fair to leave him before death comes. A. E. Beck, a rancher at Reddys, with whom Boint stayed for a while, yesterday brought into the officers a letter that his wife wrote to him recently. The officers will communicate with the wife.

Sold Liquor to Indians.
Charles Gablemon, a traveling whisky vendor, is lodged in jail on a charge of selling liquor to Indians near Sanger. The complaint is sworn to by Constable Price, who detected the man in the act of selling whisky from a domino to some Indians gathered in a barn. Drunken Indians have been causing much trouble about Sanger lately, and an example will be made of Gablemon.

Demonstration of J. B. Coffee Begins Tomorrow

Captivating Creations in Evening Gowns

The work of the exclusive master designer in crepe de chine in all the seasonable shades, tucked yoke lace finishings, fancy sleeves, French girdle, sheered skirt, tucked foot trimmings with silk drop skirt \$30.00

Crepe de chine elaborately trimmed, pin tucks, baby Irish and all lace, short sleeves, skirt trimmed to correspond with waist, silk drop skirt \$45.00

French crepe de chine pearl grey, baby Irish yoke and tucks adjustable, Queen Ann sleeves, knife pleating, millinery folds, circular skirt, panel front and back elaborate foot trimmings to match waist \$55.00

A most glorious creation of real lace, Venetian and tucked, satin trimmed broadcloth. French girdle, long and short sleeves, gorgeous skirt, silk chiffon lining; a dream of loveliness for \$85.00

Einstein Fur Values

Isabella Fox blended Brook Mink Boa, fringe and ornament; trimmed with tails to match \$10.00

Boa, long sable, Coney ornament, trimmed; double collar, silk cord; fine fur for \$4.75

Long sable, Coney blended brook mink boa; double fur ornament; trimmed four tails; warm as toast, at \$

The New Toggery Shop

1041 to 1047 J STREET

IRVING WINTER, Proprietor

Occupying the Entire Lower Floor of the New Grand Central Hotel Bldg.

CLOTHING SPECIALISTS

Displaying the Most Comprehensive and Select Assortment
of Clothing for Men and Youths Ever Shown
On the Pacific Coast

Overcoats

We are selling more overcoats than all the rest of the stores combined. We have made it our aim to show you the greatest variety adopted for all seasons ever shown on the coast.

Our stock is the largest on the coast and we can show you anything in the overcoat line that your heart desires. Ever since opening the new store, we have given overcoats our attention, and amongst our large and handsome stock, you will find such coats as the Paddock, the Paletout, the Surtout, the French Military. The great coat, the Rain Coat and priestly genuine Cravenette.

Price \$10 to \$35

Chit Chat on Clothing

The question of dress is a most important one to men in all vocations of life. A man's raiment is invariably his first introduction.

As it is an infallible index to his characteristics will prevail in all other matters. Therefore it behooves the men of today to attend to their outer attire. We clothe you as fashion decrees you should be clothed.

We give you quality, combined, with chic and fit and style. We design our own styles and our cheapest garments possess the same air of texture and pretenses as our best. We feel with our clothing like one would when extolling his own virtues. Such absolute confidence have we in the men who produce them that we feel assured that each and every garment sold must beget a customer for our store.

A corps of accommodating salesmen will attend to your wants.

Serge Suits

The Good dresser of today is the neat one---the one who avoids the low dressers and gives voice to his personality by seeking those patterns which have the elements of neatness and quietness combined. No matter how many clothes you may have, a blue serge suit always fills an unlooked for void. Our stock of blue and black serges is simply incomparable and is unquestionably the most complete ever shown you.

We have serges, worsteds and cheviots in all the latest styles and cuts. The production of the best of artisans and state without reserve that we must please the most fashionable dresser.

In conjunction with our superb stock of serges, we are showing a handsome line of swell full dress suits and Tuxedos.

Suits for men and youths \$10 to \$35.00.

Smoking Jackets and Bath Robes

Now is the time to select your bath robe or smoking jacket for Xmas, while the stock is complete and you have plenty of time to select.

The New Toggery Shop

1041 to 1047 J STREET

IRVING WINTER, Proprietor

Occupying the Entire Lower Floor of the New Grand Central Hotel Bldg.

DOLLS! DOLLS!

Again we come to the public with dolls.

For the past three years our sales of dolls have been marvelous. This year we present a big variety at from 10c to 40c. No higher.

These dolls we import direct from Germany, else we could not name such low prices as we do.

Buy yours now while the assortment is unbroken. Lay them away until Santa Clause time.

Our holiday Chinas and novelties are arriving every day most, and Hollands' have never shown prettier or more varied lines than this year.

Cut Glass is shown in astounding quantities and we have nothing but praise for our endeavours to show variety as we do.

You are no doubt familiar with the quality of goods we handle; but you will confer a favor on us if you will come and let us show you these goods.

All the way from Dolls through—Tableware, Novelties, China and Semi-porcelain Table Sets, Hand Painted China to Cut Glass, the merit of the goods far exceeds the story of their goodness.

HOLLANDS'

Lindsay, Cal.

ORANGE
STRATHMORE
GRAPE LANDS

H.H. ALEXANDER & CO.
1050 J STREET

GRAPE STAKES

Buy them of the

C. S. Pierce Lumber Co.

Mariposa and H Streets.

They handle the best coast redwood stakes and quote the lowest possible prices.



This lady is patiently waiting for the postman to bring her a charming photo along with her other Christmas presents.

Maxwell & Maudie are better prepared this Christmas than ever to give their patrons just what they want in the shape of artistic, yet inexpensive portraiture.

Remember that right now is the time to set for your negatives.

Studio corner J and Fresno streets.

ABOUT THANKSGIVING TIME

A nice carriage will come in useful. Winter is still far enough off to keep the weather pleasant and just enough frost in the air to make it bracing. Owing to the lateness of the season we can offer you special inducements in pleasure vehicles. The reputation for a high standard of excellence of our carriages makes it unnecessary to state that they are regarded as the most stylish and best built.

Fresno Agricultural Works

HOW SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY MEETS INDIGENT PROBLEM

Associated Charities Distributes County Funds Under a System of Rigid Investigation—Helps the Poor to Help Themselves.

The Taxpayers' league has been looking into the indigent problem, which has always been a heavy drain on Fresno county on account of the system or lack of system in vague here. Secretary H. C. B. Gill has written to the registrar of the Associated Charities in Stockton for a statement of the system in San Joaquin county, which handles the indigent problem in a very commendable manner. Yesterday Mr. Gill received from Registrar Eckstrom the following explanation of the working of the Associated Charities and the distribution of county money under its direction:

Stockton, Calif., Nov. 15, 1900.
Mr. H. C. B. Gill, Fresno, Calif.

Dear Sir: In reply to your favor of yesterday, just received, I will say: The funds required by the Associated Charities are supplied by the supervisors from the indigent fund as per claim filed by the registrar with the county clerk. The Associated Charities have a special fund derived from annual dues from which fund such expense is paid that would not be considered as a legal claim against the county, etc.; cost of attending charity conventions, printing reports, etc.

People and delinquent indigents are cared for at the "County Hospital and Farm," a frame building surrounded by 300 acres of land.

The supervisors investigate and may order claims from dealers for indigent, but such cases are always reported to this office by the supervisor. We receive and examine the bill and include it in our monthly budget. In the outlying supervisor districts we depend greatly on reports of supervisors, constables, neighbors and the merchants we deal with as to the need and merit of "continued cases." In the city the registrar does all the investigating. At times, when the registrar thinks it is necessary, he makes personal visits to villages in the county where dependent indigents reside, or when requested to do so by the supervisor.

Three supervisors (the hospital committee) attend the meetings of the central council, being ex-officio members thereof. Yours very truly,

A. ECKSTROM, Registrar.

Aims of Associated Charities. "What is the Associated Charities, and wherein does it differ from the already established charitable agencies?" We are often met with this question, and to answer it in detail whenever asked is impossible. The name "Associated Charities" is given to a movement whose aim is to organize into a working body, the various charitable agencies in our cities, to the end that better and more effective work may be done among the poor. "Co-operation for the sake of curing distress" are the watchwords of charity organizations throughout the world. It is a groping or banding together of all these agencies for information, consultation, and with a certainty of effort, designed to prevent an overlapping of relief, a detection of imposture, and a devising of the best means of placing the dependent classes upon their feet, and enabling them to stand. To accomplish this requires the co-operation of every benevolent society, charitable agency, hospital, asylum and individual as far as private relief is concerned. Co-operation is secured by every such charitable agency sending to us the name and address of every applicant for relief. An investigation then follows. Visits are

made to the homes of all such applicants, and all information that will tend to show the cause of the destitution or distress is obtained. This is then placed on file in our office, in private records, and a report of the case is sent back to the party or society presenting it with a recommendation as to best kind of relief to be given. These societies or individuals then report back to us the nature and amount of aid given in the case. Thus it will be seen that we become a bureau of information or clearing house, and fraud, imposture, and duplicate almsgiving becomes almost impossible. We maintain our central office and employees for this express purpose and do not ask any compensation for our work from these societies save that of harmonious and unified action. An impression is prevalent in this city that the term "Associated Charities" is synonymous with "Consolidated Charities," that we are one large benevolent society maintaining one office and set of clerks for the purpose of disbursing the assets of all charitable societies that "associate" or "consolidate"; that each society contributes its pro rata share of the funds to be dispensed and bears its proportion of the expenses; that by this method the expense of administering charity is much lessened. Never was there a more ridiculous idea. Nothing is more foreign to associated charity work than such a combination. One of the foremost principles of associated charity work is that there be no interference with any existing benevolent society. Each society or agency is expected to retain its own method of operation, control its own funds, be guided by its own rules and, in fact, to retain everything that will give it individuality. The charities of this city, then, are associated for investigation and registration, coupled with the duty of devising the best way to help the poor, and charged with a further duty of obtaining that help through operating agencies and not for the purpose of giving relief as one large benevolent society. This organization does not act as a society for the disbursement of money, food or clothing save in emergency or urgent cases, where the need is so great that delay would work a hardship. We prefer to give to co-operating societies all money given to us to be dispensed for charitable relief. Emergency or urgent cases often arise and we then use funds placed aside for that purpose.

In such cases, and only in such cases, do we spend money at the central office. This work of placing the poor in an independent position is a task requiring gigantic efforts on the part of charity workers. It was an easy matter, under the old benevolent charity plan, to dole out bread and coal, to minister to physical wants, but to recreate a person—to restore lost manhood and womanhood—to bring such from poverty to independence, to instill into them provident ideas, is a labor of love that requires patience, wisdom, courage and, above all, nerve. This organization finds no obstacle too great to be overcome; no undertaking too vast for its resources.

Such then, are the aims and methods of our work, and these methods are not materially fixed. We cordially invite fair, intelligent criticism and suggestions that will show to us a better way by which the condition of the poor may be permanently improved.

disapproved because of its San Francisco application.

Making city charters govern the tenure of office of all city employees, irrespective of state laws, senate amendment 21; for, 1,550; against, 2,020; majority against, 1,480. Another amendment having San Francisco application, as it would probably have permitted the removal of Langdon by rule.

Increasing the salaries and duties of the lieutenant governor, senate amendment 14; for, 1,550; against, 2,036; majority against, 1,480. This was in conflict with the third proposed amendment.

Allowing corporations to extend their own franchises or charters, senate amendment 20; for, null; against, 2,022; majority against, 1,550. This proposal received the worst defeat in this country, although many arguments had been made in its favor, and a special effort was made for it by certain San Francisco corporations.

Permitting the deposit of public monies in banks on interest, senate amendment 38; for, 1,520; against, 1,322; majority in favor, 188. This amendment carried by nearly as small a majority as the other. It is very widely regarded as a good solution to certain objectionable features of the present management of county treasuries.

Increasing the pay of legislators and increasing the expense of attaches, senate amendment 40; for, 813; against, 1,984; majority against, 1,341. The loss from the first part of the amendment was evidently considered to be greater than the gain from the second.

Empowering San Francisco supervisors to tax real estate, assembly amendment 21; for, 1,583; against, 2,021; majority against, 1,273. This was one of the hardly beaten amendments. It is supposed that it could be used to assist in blackmailing San Francisco property owners.

Authorizing the amendment of the charters of San Francisco and San Jose without legislative approval, senate amendment 51; for, 1,550; against, 2,036; majority against, 990. The highest vote was on this amendment, presumably because it was "the first, as there was no local interest in the measure."

Increasing the pay of judges of the Supreme and appellate courts, assembly amendment 11; for, 1,000; against, 1,742; majority against, 603. The majority against this was comparatively low, there having been a great deal said in its favor.

Increasing the pay of legislators and increasing the expense of attaches, senate amendment 12; for, 626; against, 2,284; majority against, 1,661. This amendment had been opposed because it conflicted with the seventh amendment on the ballot, and increases of salary are usually unpopular anyway.

Authorizing bonds payable anywhere in the United States, assembly amendment 13; for, 1,533; against, 1,372; majority for, 181. This was one of the two amendments that carried. It was proposed to facilitate the sale of San Francisco bonds.

Making city charters superior to the general laws of the State, within their own fields, assembly amendment 14; for, 903; against, 1,826; majority against, 857. This was one of the laws

made to the homes of all such applicants, and all information that will tend to show the cause of the destitution or distress is obtained. This is then placed on file in our office, in private records, and a report of the case is sent back to the party or society presenting it with a recommendation as to best kind of relief to be given. These societies or individuals then report back to us the nature and amount of aid given in the case. Thus it will be seen that we become a bureau of information or clearing house, and fraud, imposture, and duplicate almsgiving becomes almost impossible. We maintain our central office and employees for this express purpose and do not ask any compensation for our work from these societies save that of harmonious and unified action. An impression is prevalent in this city that the term "Associated Charities" is synonymous with "Consolidated Charities," that we are one large benevolent society maintaining one office and set of clerks for the purpose of disbursing the assets of all charitable societies that "associate" or "consolidate"; that each society contributes its pro rata share of the funds to be dispensed and bears its proportion of the expenses; that by this method the expense of administering charity is much lessened. Never was there a more ridiculous idea. Nothing is more foreign to associated charity work than such a combination. One of the foremost principles of associated charity work is that there be no interference with any existing benevolent society. Each society or agency is expected to retain its own method of operation, control its own funds, be guided by its own rules and, in fact, to retain everything that will give it individuality. The charities of this city, then, are associated for investigation and registration, coupled with the duty of devising the best way to help the poor, and charged with a further duty of obtaining that help through operating agencies and not for the purpose of giving relief as one large benevolent society. This organization does not act as a society for the disbursement of money, food or clothing save in emergency or urgent cases, where the need is so great that delay would work a hardship. We prefer to give to co-operating societies all money given to us to be dispensed for charitable relief. Emergency or urgent cases often arise and we then use funds placed aside for that purpose.

In such cases, and only in such cases, do we spend money at the central office. This work of placing the poor in an independent position is a task requiring gigantic efforts on the part of charity workers. It was an easy matter, under the old benevolent charity plan, to dole out bread and coal, to minister to physical wants, but to recreate a person—to restore lost manhood and womanhood—to bring such from poverty to independence, to instill into them provident ideas, is a labor of love that requires patience, wisdom, courage and, above all, nerve. This organization finds no obstacle too great to be overcome; no undertaking too vast for its resources.

Such then, are the aims and methods of our work, and these methods are not materially fixed. We cordially invite fair, intelligent criticism and suggestions that will show to us a better way by which the condition of the poor may be permanently improved.

disapproved because of its San Francisco application.

Making city charters govern the tenure of office of all city employees, irrespective of state laws, senate amendment 21; for, 1,550; against, 2,020; majority against, 1,480. Another amendment having San Francisco application, as it would probably have permitted the removal of Langdon by rule.

Increasing the salaries and duties of the lieutenant governor, senate amendment 14; for, 1,550; against, 2,036; majority against, 1,480. This was in conflict with the third proposed amendment.

Allowing corporations to extend their own franchises or charters, senate amendment 20; for, null; against, 2,022; majority against, 1,550. This proposal received the worst defeat in this country, although many arguments had been made in its favor, and a special effort was made for it by certain San Francisco corporations.

Permitting the deposit of public monies in banks on interest, senate amendment 38; for, 1,520; against, 1,322; majority in favor, 188. This amendment carried by nearly as small a majority as the other. It is very widely regarded as a good solution to certain objectionable features of the present management of county treasuries.

Increasing the pay of legislators and increasing the expense of attaches, senate amendment 40; for, 813; against, 1,984; majority against, 1,341. The loss from the first part of the amendment was evidently considered to be greater than the gain from the second.

Empowering San Francisco supervisors to tax real estate, assembly amendment 21; for, 1,583; against, 2,021; majority against, 1,273. This was one of the hardly beaten amendments. It is supposed that it could be used to assist in blackmailing San Francisco property owners.

Authorizing the amendment of the charters of San Francisco and San Jose without legislative approval, senate amendment 51; for, 1,550; against, 2,036; majority against, 990. The highest vote was on this amendment, presumably because it was "the first, as there was no local interest in the measure."

Increasing the pay of judges of the Supreme and appellate courts, assembly amendment 11; for, 1,000; against, 1,742; majority against, 603. The majority against this was comparatively low, there having been a great deal said in its favor.

Increasing the pay of legislators and increasing the expense of attaches, senate amendment 12; for, 626; against, 2,284; majority against, 1,661. This amendment had been opposed because it conflicted with the seventh amendment on the ballot, and increases of salary are usually unpopular anyway.

Authorizing bonds payable anywhere in the United States, assembly amendment 13; for, 1,533; against, 1,372; majority for, 181. This was one of the two amendments that carried. It was proposed to facilitate the sale of San Francisco bonds.

Making city charters superior to the general laws of the State, within their own fields, assembly amendment 14; for, 903; against, 1,826; majority against, 857. This was one of the laws

MAURICE RORPHURO

Successor to

A. SACHS & CO.

1023 & 1025 J STREET

Fresno, Cal.

\$ 9000⁰⁰
CASH

In the next 30 days, and to secure the same he will sacrifice all the profits on SUITS and Overcoats by giving

20 PERCENT
DISCOUNT
FOR CASH
ONLY

I have the finest of ready to wear artistic made clothing in the state. Everything marked in plain figures and prices guaranteed. From that price take off one-fifth for cash. This gives you a chance to make from \$5.00 to \$10.00 on a suit or overcoat.

Come early and get the pick.

DEFRAUDS LIVERYMAN IN KINGSBURG

D. R. Dodson Cannot Become Ac-
customed to California Busi-
ness Methods.

D. R. Dodson was brought from Kingsburg early yesterday morning and placed in the county jail charged with defrauding a liverykeeper. The practice of getting a livery team without returning due consideration for the same, seems to be a favorite stunt of the accused man. In Kingsburg, Dodson rented a livery rig and drove about the country all day. When he returned, he told the stable man to charge the cost to him, but this did not suit the proprietor when he learned who had rented the rig, and a warrant was sworn out for his arrest. Another peculiar trick of Dodson's while in Kingsburg was to go to the telephone exchange and use the long distance line. When he was called upon to pay for the telephone, he pretended not to know it cost anything. Mr. Johnson of the Exchange Stables, rented a double team to Dodson, who failed to return the rig in a worn-out condition, placing the team in a stable for care. It is probable that an additional charge growing from this offense will be placed against the prisoner's name. At the jail, Dodson declares that he has no knowledge of having committed anything wrong and said: "People don't do business here like they do in Missouri, where I came from."

ITALIANS FIGHT
AT PACKING HOUSE

John Ciccioli appeared before Judge Smith this morning after being arrested on a charge of battery, sworn to by Salvatore Creone. The man under arrest was released on his own recognizance. The fight that resulted in the arrest occurred at Griffin & Skelly's packinghouse Friday afternoon. Ciccioli says that the other Italian made insulting remarks about the former's wife, while Creone claims that Ciccioli was jealous of his position the occupied in the packinghouse and wanted to put him out of the way. At any rate the two Italians engaged in a fierce encounter, in which Creone received a black eye. The hearing of the case has not been set.

Skating Rink News.

Owing to the demand for a larger rink and a good floor, and the increased patronage which the small K street rink will not accommodate, the management has decided to open the large rink at Recreation park every afternoon and evening. Miss Jessie Darling, premier figure skater of America, will give three exhibitions at the park rink Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings. Demonstrating poetry in motion, perfection on rollers. Miss Darling has given exhibitions in all of the leading cities of the United States and wherever she has been she has made a hit. Her exhibitions are a revelation of the possibilities of the art of skating on rollers. The lovers of roller skating will have a chance to further study the art and to witness an exhibition of grace and skill of the highest order.

S. B. Lung Tonic

Lures colds, colds and hoarseness, and never fails to give satisfaction.

ALL NEVADA STOCKS

Goldfield, Tonopah, Bullfrog, and other standard stocks bought and sold by Shepherd-Teague Co. Book your orders with us. Books now open for the first issue of the Lee-Mohawk Mines Co. Buy now before the stock is advanced. Sales of Nevada stocks on San Francisco stock exchange amount to over three million dollars daily.

SHEPHERD-TEAGUE COMPANY

They are like Government Bonds. They never depreciate in value.

Knox Celebrated Hats
Are always worth what you pay for them.

PRICE \$5

We are sole agents in Fresno.

Our \$3.00 and \$3.50 stiff and soft Hats are up-to-date in style and best quality.

GEORGE BROS.

Tailors and Clothiers. Gents' Furnishings
Fiske Block, 1109 J Street.

SPRAYING

Call in and see the Niagara Gas Spraying Machine.

No pumps to wear out, therefore no hard work. Saves one man, gives a steady pressure and costs less than any other power sprayer.

Fresno Agricultural Works
FRESNO CAL.

WE ARE ADDING

New and improved machinery to our Job Printing Plant, which will keep it in the lead in modern equipment.

We also have a large and varied stock of paper to choose from.

Let us quote you prices on that job of printing.

REPUBLICAN Job Office

Phone M. 220.

A TRANSPORT STOWAWAY

McKinley's Niece Found in Dix's Hold.

She Had Her Honeymoon Despite President and War Department.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 17.—Dressed as a dashing cavalry captain and defying the orders of President Roosevelt, and his whole war department, Mrs. Grace McKinley Heidt, niece of the martyred president, stowed away in the dirty hold of the transport Dix at Seattle, and accompanied her husband of a few weeks, Captain Grayson Heidt, to the Philippines. Both starved she was rescued from boxes and bags when the ship was three days at sea.

Love served the young woman to her daring deed. When she found that her honeymoon was to be interrupted after her happy marriage in Des Moines last July, by sudden order requiring her husband to proceed to the Philippines, she decided to accompany him. Together they went to Seattle, but then she discovered that the stern regulations of the war department forbade her contemplated honeymoon trip. An appeal to the captain of the ship brought only a reference to the regulations.

Then she appealed to the quartermaster's department for an exception to the order. General Humphreys said he could do nothing. Next the woman called Secretary of War Taft to her aid. He likewise was firm, and the rules were rules, and that even the niece of a president should not ask that they be disobeyed.

Appeals Were in Vain.

Made desperate, the young bride telegraphed President Roosevelt for permission. She appealed also to the powerful friends of the dead president who had the ear of Roosevelt to aid her. They argued and insisted that the rules of the war department be changed, so as not to interfere with the honeymoon of Mrs. Heidt.

To all entreaties the president returned a deaf ear. He said it was madness for the girl to think of such a thing as a sea trip on such a vessel as the Dix, not to mention the transgression of the war department rule. Instead of complying, he issued orders direct to the department to see that the girl did not accompany her husband.

There was a tearful parting at the docks in Seattle. The lovers cried pitifully as they separated early in the morning, for the girl bride had said she could not bear to see the gallant captain sail away. Half an hour later the girl's tears were dried. Now she was all action. Determination had taken the place of grief, and she was soon busy rummaging in the old trunk of her husband for a uniform. She found the desired regiments, donned them hastily, and stuffed the sections where they were too large for her full of sandwiches, hard tack and a flask of water.

Disguise Deceived Guards.

Thus equipped, the daring young woman marched bravely up the gangplank of the good ship Dix. In the bustle and confusion of departure her appearance was not noted, and she passed the uncritical eye of the guards with hardly more than a passing glance.

Three days later, while the ship was far out to sea en route to the islands, a curious steward found the stowaway among the boxes and bags in the hold. Unsuspecting the identity or sex of the prisoner, the steward dragged his unwilling and half-starved captive to the deck. The stern captain pounced upon her immediately and demanded in stern tones what she meant by stealing a ride on an army vessel. At the dramatic moment Captain Heidt came upon deck. He looked at the dirty, unkempt and shrinking figure only a moment before the truth dawned upon him. Then the stowaway was folded into his arms.

"I don't care who knows it; she is my wife," said the captain, as the brave girl burst into tears.

Almost Unconscious.

The girl, almost unconscious from her long ordeal and short rations in the hold of the ship, was given a cabin with her husband. She was the only woman on board, and it was with the utmost difficulty that sufficient articles of female attire were obtained to outfit her. At Honolulu the girl secured new clothing and had great difficulty

DON'T SHIVER ALL WINTER.

Just because your blood is in an impeded condition. Take a dose of the Bitters before each meal. It will assist the stomach in its work of digesting, make plenty of rich, warm blood and prevent Chills and Colds.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

also cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Female Ills, Biliousness, Flatulency and Malaria. Try it today.

SAY

Do you know that we have to keep our men working, and we are prepared to do painting and paper hanging?

Cheaper Than Ever

Ask us how much. Picture framing—We have the only first-class frame maker in Fresno and a fine line of moulding to select from. Come in and see us.

The Patterson Dick Co.

Main 555. 1037 Fresno Street.

BLACKLEG VACCINE--Best Made

Powder, Pills or Strings.
NOW IS THE TIME TO VACCINATE
STOCKMEN'S SUPPLY CO.

1945 Tulare St., Fresno, Cal.

in seeking permission from the transfer officers to continue the journey to Manila.

The story of the girl's troubles and triumph is told in a letter she has written to a friend at Fort Des Moines. Every effort was made to keep the story secret, but the facts leaked out, and is the gossip of the post today.

Mrs. Heidt, in her letter, states that her husband knew nothing of her threatened escape, and had sternly forbidden her to go to the Philippines, saying it was not a fit place for women. But love triumphed over his will, the stubbornness of President Roosevelt and the whole war department of the United States.

Had Brilliant Wedding.

Mrs. McKinley and Captain Heidt, who was appointed to West Point from Atlanta, Ga., in 1892, were married in Des Moines July 16. An elaborate military ceremony marked the event. Miss McKinley, sister of the dead president, attended the wedding, and Mrs. William McKinley sent the young couple a solid silver tea service as a wedding gift.

It is believed here that Captain Heidt had nothing to do with his wife's masquerading and stealth about the Dix, as his friends, from the tone of Mrs. Heidt's letter, are led to believe that he was very much put out by the defiance of the war department and the president. An investigation, it is said, would exonerate the captain.

FUSE WORKS EXPLOSION WAS CAUSE OF PANIC

Four Hundred Pounds of Black Powder Went Off and Girls Were Crazed.

OAKLAND, Calif., Nov. 17.—This morning at 11:40 the Melrose fuse works, situated at the east end of Melrose, and south of the San Leandro road, blew up. The explosion took place in the main building, where powder is put into fuses. This building is a one-story brick and frame and is divided off in six compartments. It was in one of these compartments that the explosion took place. Immediately following the first explosion there were three other explosions.

Ten Chinamen were in the building when notice of the first explosion was given, but all of them managed to escape. No one was killed. In an adjoining building there were thirty girls employed in cutting fuses. When the first explosion was heard there was great excitement among these girls in making their escape from the building. Some of them fainted and had to be carried out and others acted as if they were crazy, they were so excited. Fortunately nobody was injured.

All together about 400 pounds of black powder exploded. The damage is about \$20,000. The building is still standing.

ENRICO CARUSO IS QUITE PROSTRATED

Famous Tenor Unable to Appear In Court and Proscutrix Is Missing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Enrico Caruso, the famous tenor, who was arrested in Central Park yesterday on the complaint of a woman who charged that he had repeatedly insulted her, did not appear when his name was called in Police court today. Nor was Mrs. Hennie Graham, who preferred the charges against Caruso, present in court.

Former Judge Dittmeyer, who appeared for Caruso, who was released on bail yesterday, said the tenor was physically unable to come to court. He is ill at his hotel, completely prostrated by the seriousness of the charge lodged against him.

On the request of Judge Dittmeyer, the trial was postponed until next Wednesday. The Central Park police man who made the arrest informed the court that he believed he would be able to find Mrs. Graham and have her in court by that time. As the address which she gave at the time of the arrest was a fictitious one, however, it is possible that the complainant may never appear to press the charge, unless she goes to court voluntarily.

INSURANCE REFORMS DRAFTED INTO SHAPE

Commissioners Completed Their Labors, But Have Not Made the Result Public.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Members of the insurance commission, who have been in session for the last week drafting projected laws for the control of life insurance throughout the country, completed their work today and adjourned. No complete report of the contemplated recommendations was made prior to the adjournment, and it will not be prepared for some time.

Sixteen new proposed laws have been drawn up and it is expected by the commissioners that they will, if adopted by the various states, correct the greater part of the abuses in the management of life insurance companies. The bills will be introduced next winter into the legislatures of thirty-seven states.

T. E. Drake, the insurance commissioner of the District of Columbia, will submit the proposed measure to President Roosevelt so that they may be mentioned in the forthcoming message of the president to congress.

HARTMAN CONFIRMED AS THE CANDIDATE

Protest Against Union Labor Nominee Failed on Appeal to Judge Seawell.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—Judge Seawell today decided that, as the duties of the election commission are purely ministerial and not judicial, Gus Hartman must be counted as the Union Labor candidate from the Twenty-second senatorial district. The motion of the election commission to dismiss the restraining order was, therefore, granted.

Rogers yesterday sued for a writ of prohibition to restrain the election commission from counting Hartman the Union Labor candidate, on the ground that the original candidate for the office had resigned and that Hartman's name was substituted six days after the time for making such a change had expired.

Rogers states that he may appeal the decision of Judge Seawell or enter a contest in the upper house of the legislature.

SAY

Do you know that we have to keep our men working, and we are prepared to do painting and paper hanging?

Cheaper Than Ever

Ask us how much.

Picture framing—We have the only first-class frame maker in Fresno and a fine line of moulding to select from. Come in and see us.

The Patterson Dick Co.

Main 555. 1037 Fresno Street.

WATERS ARE GOING DOWN

Washington Floods Believed to Be Passing Off.

Powerful River Steamers Are Endeavoring to Make Transfer of Passengers.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 17.—The water is rapidly receding after the highest flood known in six years, the precipitation being 422 inches in three days to Wednesday night, coupled with chasms winds which melted the snow on the mountains.

The interurban electric line between Tacoma and Seattle suffered heavily in washouts and slides and will not be restored for several days. Industries along the Puyallup river in Tacoma were put out of business for several days. At the city of Puyallup the water system was cut out by a bridge over the Skook river. Numerous wagon and railroad bridges are out. Hundreds of Northern Pacific passengers are being cared for here. Transfers are made by steamer between Tacoma and Seattle, a railroad bridge over the Skook river being washed away.

Many trains are stalled east of the Cascades. Fifteen hundred feet of trestle work went out at Oceanside, on the Covilla river between Tacoma and Portland. Efforts are being made to secure steamer transfer between Oceanside and Castle Rock, but the Covilla is a raging torrent and many of the steamer Columbia river steamers could not be chartered to attempt the service.

Passengers will not be sent forward until it is absolutely safe. Bridges at Lester and Weston on the main line of the Northern Pacific through to the Cascades were washed out, but it is hoped to get trains through Monday or Tuesday.

The Northern Pacific has opened its line to Ravensdale and took forty cars of coal into Seattle last night. Milk trains are resumed from Auburn and Kent to Seattle and from Sumner to Tacoma.

The Northern Pacific is receiving freight for the Gray's Harbor country and hopes to get a train through to the coal mines at Wilkeson. Much of the damage in King and Pierce counties has been caused by the White river, which has changed its course and is now pouring into the Skook river, flooding a wide stretch of fertile land. Two Japanese gardeners on the Tacoma tie flats are believed to have been drowned. That is the only loss of life in this vicinity.

PORTLAND, Nov. 17.—Three powerful river steamers chartered by the Northern Pacific Railroad company are endeavoring to stem the rushing waters of the Columbia river between Castle Rock and Oceanside and to transfer Northern Pacific passengers between these points, but the task is considered almost hopeless at this stage of the flood. The railroad company has cut large gangs of men repairing the track at various points and is doing everything possible to better the situation, but under existing conditions little good has resulted.

A representative of the Evening Telegram telegraphs from Kelso that last night the chinook continued and a light rain fell, but that this morning the river began to recede.

Fears are expressed that the great Cowiche dam, twenty miles east of that town, cannot much longer stand the strain of the flood waters. Should it break, a tremendous body of water will be released and a worse condition than has existed at any time along the Cowiche would result.

Hundreds of homes have been ruined in this section and their occupants are in great distress. Food supplies are running short and in some places are already exhausted; clothing and blankets are necessary.

About 2,000 persons are stalled in Portland waiting to go east over the Northern Pacific or to the Sound. They have been brought in from the east over the Hill line, headed for points north of Portland, but most of them will probably get away tomorrow.

Those waiting in the city to reach eastern points beyond Spokane will be sent over the Oregon Railroad and Navigation line and when the official of the latter read report the track in good shape probably two or three Northern Pacific trains will be sent over the line daily until the trouble in the north between Seattle and Spokane is remedied.

Although the ambassador has crossed the American continent several times, he never had an opportunity to stop in the various commercial centers and study industries which flourish throughout the far West and the middle West.

Lipton Sailed for Home.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Sir Thomas Lipton sailed for home today on the steamer Carnarvon.

Square Quality Better Service Fairer Prices

Is what you may expect and what you will get at this optical store. That is why people who know come straight here for their optical needs. That is why this optical store's patronage has shown an increase every month since it was opened. So thoroughly convinced are we that we are able to render you perfect optical service that we say "Your money back when you are not pleased."

Can we offer fairer? Will you give us a trial when you are ready for your glasses?

Perfect fitting glasses \$2.50 up.

J. M. CRAWFORD & CO. OPTICIANS.

1123 J St. Fisk Block.

BARTON OPERA HOUSE

ROBERT O. BARTON, MGR AND PAGE.

Two Nights Tonight and Tomorrow Night NOV. 18-19

ENGAGEMENT OF
The Holy City
With Luella Morey as SALOME
DIRECTION LECOMTE & FLESHER
The Transformation Scene. Showing the Opening of the Tomb, the Ascension of Christ Followed By Innumerable Angels, Closely Followed By the Opening of the Great Gates of the

"NEW JERUSALEM"
That Opens to View the Golden In Workings of the Immortal Holy Ci ty.

The Most Lavishly Presented Production of the Season
BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS PRICES WILL BE
25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Box and Loge Seats \$1.50.
SEATS NOW SELLING.

One Joyous Night

Friday Nov. 23

Henry W. Savage Offers the Play that All America

WINTER SERIES OF BALL GAMES BEGINS TO-DAY

HEALD'S ASSOCIATED COLLEGES ORGANIZE BASEBALL LEAGUE IN SEVERAL COLLEGES — GOOD SPORT PROMISED FRESNO FANS DURING WET SEASON—HAPPY HOGAN TO DEVELOP PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE PLAYERS IN COLLEGE LEAGUE.



First team of Heald's Chestnutwood Business College Baseball Club.

Reading from left to right—Top row—Ballagh, ab.; Cartwright, rb.; Brooks, cf.; Smith, sb.; Hogan, ss.; Leventon, utility; Fassett, lf.; Barnes, c. Second row—Galbraith, p.; Hogan, c.; Watkins, coach; Jack, r. Bottom row—Duncan, p.; Schimpff, p.

The first of the winter series of baseball games to be played in the valley by the teams from Heald's Business college in the state will be pulled off today at Athletic park in Visalia between a picked team from that town and the first nine from the Fresno Heald's college.

Orval Overall will be on the mound for Visalia and Schimpff will do the twirling for the Fresno team. These names indicate that there will be a battle royal when the two jacks cross bats on the diamond this afternoon.

"Happy" Hogan, manager of the

Fresno Pacific Coast League baseball team, will do the catching and Truck Eagan will officiate at short with Cartwright on the initial sack. With these men in the line-up of the local team, it looks very much like valley fans will be treated to some real baseball this winter.

The remainder of the line-up of the first team is given above below the picture. Coach Watkins, who has organized the local boys, has had several years' experience in the field of baseball and when he says that this will be first-class baseball here this winter, we can believe him, for he knows

what is talking about when he gets to talking baseball.

A schedule of games with nearby towns and with teams from the other Heald's colleges has been arranged and a goodly proportion of them will be pulled off at Fresno, Madera, Modesto and Merced are in the list for the game to be played here. The first inter-collegiate game between Heald's college teams will be played between the Fresno and Heald's-Dixon teams, Heald's-Dixon college is in Oakland and the manager of that team has been faraging in the Pacific coast league team of the Greek city for players and

thinks that he will have a strong team.

One of the most important features of this winter series is the opportunity that it will give Manager Hogan of the Fresno Pacific Coast League team to develop new players for his aggregation. Frank Chance has promised "Happy" Hogan to look to the college team here for his raw material. This arrangement will give both teams rattling good players and will do much toward making baseball one of the leading sports here.

RESULTS COUNT.

(From the American Spectator.)

He could not tell
By the smell
What the man
Put in the can,
If kerosene
Or gasoline
So made a scratch
With a match
And applied
Inside."

The doctor knew
Which of the two!

JULIA MARLOWE'S WIT.

A comedian was praising the art of Miss Julia Marlowe.

"And she is as brilliant as she is artistic," he said earnestly. "A wonderful young woman!"

"Do you remember her impersonation of Juliet? A doctor saw her as Juliet one night in Pittsburgh, and was tremendously impressed. Only,

in the powerful death scene, there was fine technical error."

"Miss Marlowe," the doctor said at a reception the next day, "I admired your Juliet profoundly. The impersonation was a work of art."

"But—pardon me—don't you know that a corpse doesn't stiffen for at least six hours after death?"

"Miss Marlowe answered, in the drawl that she reserves for such speeches:

"Now, doctor, do you think I'm going to keep my audience waiting six hours for me to stiffen?"

50,000 CAME INTO STATE

Surprising Influx of Settlers in Two Months.

Southern Pacific Agent Paul Shoup Arranging for Big Advertising.

The unprecedented influx of Eastern colonists to California this fall is a surprise even to the Southern and Pacific Company. September and October are the full period for reduced colonist rates from the eastward. The records completed Saturday show that no less than 45,672 prospective settlers came into the state during those two months over the Southern Pacific lines alone.

The prosperity of California and the confidence and enterprise of her people have proved the magnets, and this season has brought a superior class of settlers of various trades and vocations.

The whole figures of the last three years tell their own story of a steadily increasing Western trend.

Year Spring Fall Total.

1904 26,649 27,477 54,126

1905 39,279 37,679 76,949

1906 33,452 45,674 79,124

What the Figures Show.

March and April are the two months of the spring season for low rates. The San Francisco fire and the resulting congestion of traffic probably had something to do with the comparative falling off in the number who came last April, but the record established this fall has more than made amends.

All these figures represent through tickets sold from the Missouri river and further points for simple entrance into California. None were for the return trip. In September and October a little more than 30,000 of these colonists came by way of the Ogden route, 10,000 by the El Paso route, and several thousand by the Portland way. The routes may roughly be taken to indicate what parts of California the majority of the colonists aimed to reach.

Harry Isane, division baggage agent of the Santa Fe at Los Angeles, announced yesterday that almost 15,000 colonists came over the Santa Fe into Los Angeles during September and October, but practically eight-tenths of this number flocked in after the 15th of October, when the low rate period was almost up. Last Sunday the tail end of the colonist movement made nine solid carloads of baggage to be handled at Los Angeles.

Will Advertise California.

With the fall colonist campaign ended, the different roads are already making their plans for next March and April. Paul Shoup of the Southern Pacific passenger department is busy with the preparation of California advertising matter to be used extensively throughout the East. The Santa Fe is preparing its work of exploitation. And S. F. Booth, agent of the passenger department of the Union Pacific, will depart for Chi-

MILITIA WILL ASK REFORM

Adjutant General Should Not Be In Politics.

Legislature to Be Asked to Make Appropriation for Ranges.

At the next session of the legislature an effort will be made to again create the position of inspector of small arms practice. Such officer will visit every organization of the National Guard in the State once a year and inspect officer to see that the attention is paid to one of the most important duties of the citizen soldier—target shooting. The position was abolished a few years ago, and since that time there has been lack of enthusiasm in connection with target practice.

An effort will also be made to obtain an appropriation to secure suitable ranges and ammunition for target practice, so that the men of the guard may become proficient in the use of arms. In addition, it is the intention of the projectors of the bill to have the organization of the guard for the transportation of which organizations as may have more than marching distance to cover to go to ranges to practice.

Another effort will take in the attraction of commanding officers in the near future is the selection of some competent person who, at stated periods, shall instruct the men of each company how to take rifles apart and put them together again, so that each member will know exactly what to do in case the arm "kicks." It is intended to have each man in the guard familiar, not only with the handling and use of the weapon, but to have him understand its construction.

Another effort will be made at the next session of the legislature to take out of politics the office of adjutant general of the State. Under the existing law there is a possibility of a change of such officer with every change of governor. At a meeting of officers a few days since the matter was discussed and the opinion expressed that when a new adjutant general is appointed it takes him about two years to get acquainted with the duties of the office and to make the changes which in his opinion will benefit the men throughout the state. The commandant of his term is then involved in a mess to try to "shab his job" for another term. It was the consensus of opinion that the adjutant ought to be kept in the office during good behavior and competence.—San Jose Mercury.

Money talks!
At the conversation game it never talks.

You can hear it at the show,
Not particularly low,
At the opera it talks, talks, talks.

Money talks!
It's a shiner throughout all our earthly walks.

At a fashionable affair
You can hear a million air.
Its opinions as it talks, talks, talks.

Money talks!

With a megaphone around town it

stalks.

It continually resounds,
Overwhelming other sounds,

As unceasingly it talks, talks, talks.

ARMY OFFICER'S CLOTHES.

He Must Spend \$1000 for an Outfit When Commissioned.

How would you like to be forced to invest \$1000 in clothing whether you had the money, or wanted to or not?

This is what an army officer holding a commission in Uncle Sam's service had to do much oftener than he likes. If he does not happen to have the ready cash (and many of them do not have it), he is forced by strict regulations to buy enough clothes on credit to tug out fifteen men.

It is an army secret, but some of the lieutenants, fresh from West Point two years ago, have only recently finished paying for their first \$1000 worth of clothes. Their salvation is that their credit is good with the tailors who cater to the army officer's trade. All the uniforms are tailor-made. It is nothing out of the ordinary for an army officer to be paying for the clothes on the fast-track plan. That is one part of the army officer's life that will probably not appear very romantic especially to the women. But the rigid requirements make it necessary for the officer to spend a large sum of money for his clothes or suffer a penalty for not having them.

The pay of a second lieutenant is \$1040 a year. One of the first things he has to do on receiving his commission is to fit himself with clothes to meet the required regulations. In the first place, he has to have service uniforms of olive drab and khaki for summer and winter wear. There must be one kind for service while mounted and another kind while dismounted. It requires not less than four khaki uniforms of wash goods for field service. There are trousers for use while dismounted and the riding breeches. With the service uniforms go the hats, stockings, puttees, leather shoes and boots. Next are the white suits for summer, with white shirts and cap. Then comes the social full dress uniform for evening wear, with hat, patent leather boots and shoes, purely for social affairs.

Then there are dress uniforms of blue cloth, one for mounted and another for dismounted service, with black boots and black shoes, cap, cape, overcoat, hat and helmet. There must be two sets for summer and two sets for winter of all the different uniforms. Then come the official dress uniforms for mounted and dismounted service. With the official dress go gold shoulder boards and a belt of gold, costing about \$80; cap, hat, patent leather shoes and boots. Next are the white suits for summer, with white shirts and cap. Then comes the social full dress uniform for evening wear, with hat, patent leather boots and shoes, purely for social affairs.

These are not ill. There must be a mess jacket, raincoat of a certain color, and flannel shirts. The officers have to furnish their own horses, mules and blankets. They have to buy their own board and for fuel and lights. They even have to buy the furnishings for their quarters. Uncle Sam only gives the shelter, stables and the commission. Even the officer's trunks have to be of regulation size. All these things mean an investment of about \$2,000 at least, to begin with. This is more than the first year's salary, and expenses never stop.—Kansas City Star.

JULIA MARLOWE'S WIT.

A comedian was praising the art of Miss Julia Marlowe.

"And she is as brilliant as she is artistic," he said earnestly. "A wonderful young woman!"

"Do you remember her impersonation of Juliet? A doctor saw her as Juliet one night in Pittsburgh, and was tremendously impressed. Only,

in the powerful death scene, there was fine technical error."

"Miss Marlowe," the doctor said at a reception the next day, "I admired your Juliet profoundly. The impersonation was a work of art."

"But—pardon me—don't you know that a corpse doesn't stiffen for at least six hours after death?"

"Miss Marlowe answered, in the drawl that she reserves for such speeches:

"Now, doctor, do you think I'm going to keep my audience waiting six hours for me to stiffen?"

WINE MEN TO GIVE BATTLE

Pure Food Measure Compels Descriptions.

Coming Struggle Will Represent the Investment of Much Capital.

The greatest fight for trade territory on which the winemakers of California have been engaged in this state is about to begin. The conflict between the California Wine Association and a similar circular organization from the Astor, Vanderbilt management may be considered as having set the pace at which the conflict will open. Ordinary red wine will be 30 per cent off the price of standard wines. This fact has previously been mentioned, but repetition is necessary to fully illustrate the situation in the light of recent developments.

The trade war will open in New Orleans immediately after the great fire in San Francisco, when the consumption of California wines will be a stimulus to the market supplies and California prices will drop, the "brick vineyards" of the East will ship their surplus and sent 2500 barrels of so-called "wine" into the city on the Gulf in a period of about a fortnight. A circular letter was sent out to the importers of wines by the Stonehill Wine Company of New York, in which the statement was made that the company was "making a bid for New York business." Offers were made to supply Burgundy, Riesling, Hock and Zinfandel wines produced in Missouri. It is well known that the winter from which these wines are supposed to be made comes to a successfully grown crop of the Rocky mountains. Hence the conclusion of the war was forced upon the importers of California wines that the offerings were open to question. Admitted resentment against those who were striving to get the Eastern markets from California was noticeable.

Now the California wine men have several trump cards to play. The first is the food and drug law that will go into effect on January 1st. The provisions of that law compel manufacturers to describe and enumerate the ingredients that are contained in their goods. By this the purchaser will be able to see at a glance whether he is buying wine or some imitation. The "brick vineyard" men will be forced to show down what they have. The California wine interests, being interested in marketing the juice of grape, will be in a better position the more the home product is investigated.

The coming struggle will represent millions of dollars of invested capital in this state.—See Mervin.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

The photograph that a girl is proudest of is the one that looks least like her.

A girl doesn't object to being kissed; she objects to having you think she doesn't.

If women voted, it would cost a lot of extra money having looking-glasses in all the polling booths.

A woman will never admit she has cold feet, except to her husband, and then she doesn't say so.

After a man has been married a couple of years he gets so if he had reason to follow who didn't get her from drowning.

Captain Homer Hedge, the president of the Aero Club, told at a dinner in New York a balloon story.

"A friend of mine," he said, "a very fat gentleman, in walking along the street the other day bumped into a huckster and knocked a half dozen turnips out of the man's hand.

"Bad luck to him," said the huckster, scowling at the receding figure of my vast friend—"bad luck to him. And they want to say they've made balloons dirigible."

Six Optical Factories

Our six optical stores have been established to give you the benefit of getting glasses first hand—not second hand.

We make all our glasses and some that cannot be made elsewhere.

OTHER OPTICAL GOODS

Perfect fitting glasses from \$2.50. Examination free.

CHINN & BURRITT

FACTORY & COMPANY

2015 Mariposa St., Fresno.

San Francisco (a), Oakland.

Sacramento and Stockton.

152,000

Kimball Pianos

Now in use. The largest Piano and Oregon manufacturers in the world.

Established 1857

Every piano warranted.

A few questions for the prospective piano buyer to think about.

First—Is the piano sold and guaranteed by a firm that you can rely upon—people who know the business thoroughly and who depend upon the quality of their goods to please rather than upon fancy advertisements?

Is it constructed of the very best of materials?

Is the tone mellow and full of sweetness, and does it appeal to you as being your ideal piano?

Come in and let us show you.

Falkenstein Music Co.

112 J St. Phone Main 624.

EXPERTS FOR MEN

HOW TO ADMINISTER OUR STATE HOSPITALS

PRESENT SYSTEM IS BETTER THAN NO SYSTEM, BUT
A BETTER WOULD GIVE BETTER RESULTS—LESS
CIRCUMLOCUTION AND MORE CENTRALIZATION
OF RESPONSIBILITY IS RECOMMENDED.

By Arthur J. Pillsbury.

The care of the insane and feeble minded, the epileptic and the imbecile, is at once a profound charity and a tremendous burden. It takes an awful burden from the shoulders of the individual and the family, but it costs California more than a million a year to maintain its six benevolent institutions. To be more nearly exact, for the year ending June 30, 1906, the total direct and current expense of the hospital system was \$1,038,748, without continuing deterioration of plants or interest on the gross investment, which now amounts to upward of \$5,000,000, conservatively estimated. And this is one public investment that ought not to be less, but more. It affords an instance where money can be invested to a great saving of expenditures in after years, and to a greater saving in the economic productiveness of men and women returned to society healed of their mental hurts.

The Limitations of Local Boards.
It is one of the limitations of ungenerous humanity that men shall overvalue the interest that lies immediately at hand and undervalue those interests which are common to society at large but lie at a greater distance. We see this, for instance, where delegates to a nominating convention will swap off "bright" and "unseen" votes for legislative, executive and judicial candidates in order to secure a place on a ticket or a mere clerkship for a local citizen who desires to thus honored. We see it where a local interest will be advocated although confessedly destructive of state or national interests. In common with similar limitations, local boards of managers of state hospitals in their enthusiasm for the interests of their immediate institutional charges, overlook the higher requirements of a sound state policy. There was little good "team work" among the several institutions for the care of the insane, and the general result was not in the highest public interest.

The State Lunacy Commission.
So apparent did this finally become that the legislature enacted, and Governor James H. Budd approved, March 31, 1897, the lunacy commission law. This law established a general supervisory board, and commissioned a general superintendent of all the hospitals for the purpose of keeping tab on all that the institutions were doing and securing better team work from them. The lunacy commission has secured these highly desirable ends with a fair degree of efficiency. It was not at first welcomed with outstretched arms by local boards of managers, who preferred to be held accountable only to their God for the wisdom and single-mindedness of their actions. However, tactful work on the part of the commission and the general superintendent has gone far toward allaying this feeling and there is now a wholesome degree of reciprocity and co-operation all along the line.

How the Board Is Constituted.
The state lunacy commission is composed of the governor of the state, the secretary of state, attorney general, the secretary of the state board of health, and the general superintendent of all the state hospitals. As substitutes, when certain of the above mentioned members cannot act, the assistant attorney general serves in the place of the attorney general and the secretary of the state board of examiners acts as chairman when the governor is not present.

Tremendously Busy Men.
These are all tremendously busy men. The business of the state of California is becoming so enormous in volume, and so important in detail that the governor thereof, though he were able to work twenty hours out of twenty-four instead of ten or twelve hours, as the present governor has done, could not keep in close touch with the interests of hospital management. The business of the office of the secretary of state has, in recent years, not only increased hugely in volume but has broadened into a sphere of utility only less wide in scope than that of the office of the chief executive. Likewise, the legal business of the commonwealth has increased in volume until it demands the entire energies of the attorney general and his corps of able assistants. On the general superintendent, and the several local superintendents of hospitals, can keep in close touch with hospital management. Under the present system the general superintendent has not only to agree with the local superintendents and their stewards as to what is to be done to undertake to do but, having reached a conclusion, he must needs hunt up the other members of the lunacy commission and explain to them what he wants and why he wants it and secure their consent. This does not make for efficiency or expedition in the administration of the hospital department of state government.

Other Burdens Also.
Not only are the governor, secretary of state and attorney general subjected to this burden in addition to the onerous and costly paid duties of their respective offices, but these same men also constitute the state board of examiners and the state forestry commission. The state is riding very free of official horses very nearly to death. In the public mind the chief executive is held responsible for the success or failure of all of these subordinate and correlated boards and commissions, but as a matter of fact he is not responsible. The responsibility is divided and a division of responsibility does not make for good government.

Circumlocution Modus Operandi.
For the purpose of forming a basis for making contracts for supplies for each fiscal year the local superintendents and their stewards make estimates covering all the articles they expect to buy during the ensuing year. These estimates are submitted to the local boards for approval and are then forwarded to the state lunacy commission for revision and amendment. As a matter of common practice the functions of both the local boards and the lunacy commissions are pro forma in character. The work is done in the offices of the local superintendents and stewards and revised in the office of the general superintendent, and big job it is too.

One More Reform Needed.
During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, the total expenses incurred by the state lunacy commission amounted to \$16,563.08. Of this \$13,886.50 was expended for salaries and \$1,676.10 for traveling expenses. The rest went for incidentals. The present and only general superintendent the state has had, Dr. F. W. Hatch, is thoroughly equipped for his work and, likewise, full of enthusiasm for it. He is at once progressive and conservative, progressive in keeping ahead of the best results obtained in his line of work and conservative in holding back local influences from rushing into extravagant and ill-advised expenditures. He has the full confidence of all the local superintendents, and is tireless in devotion to his professional interests. Although he does not say so himself, I am sure that if he were less hampered by official "fifth wheels" he would be able to raise the hospital system of California to a higher state of efficiency.

In my judgment the legislature should simplify the whole system of hospital management by the elimination of both the lunacy commission and the local boards and erecting the office of general superintendent into a state lunacy department. The superintendent should be given an assistant and all the local superintendents should be constituted into an advisory board, with quarterly meetings held to discuss the act for the general welfare of the hospital service of the state. This would make for efficiency and economy.

Cost of the Commission.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, the total expenses incurred by the state lunacy commission amounted to \$16,563.08. Of this \$13,886.50 was expended for salaries and \$1,676.10 for traveling expenses. The rest went for incidentals. The present and only general superintendent the state has had, Dr. F. W. Hatch, is thoroughly equipped for his work and, likewise, full of enthusiasm for it. He is at once progressive and conservative, progressive in keeping ahead of the best results obtained in his line of work and conservative in holding back local influences from rushing into extravagant and ill-advised expenditures. He has the full confidence of all the local superintendents, and is tireless in devotion to his professional interests. Although he does not say so himself, I am sure that if he were less hampered by official "fifth wheels" he would be able to raise the hospital system of California to a higher state of efficiency.

One More Reform Needed.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, the following sums were paid for transporting insane persons to the institutions named. Stockton hospital

\$10,670.37. Napa, \$9,368.10. Agnew, \$2,641.20. Mendocino, \$6,014.75. Southern California, \$3,783.00. Home for the Feeble Minded, \$1,829.00. Total, \$36,734.

This sum could be cut in half and the patients brought to the hospitals in infinitely better plight if the several hospitals were authorized by law to send trained men and women for the patients to fetch them to the institutions. The conveying is done by deputy sheriffs who know about as much about handling insane persons as they do about training tigers and they go about the business in a similar manner.

Let us never forget that insane persons are sick persons, desperately sick, many of them, and not wild animals to be strapped and hustled and subdued by physical prowess. Such persons are to be handled only by those who know how, and no one can know how until he has first learned through service in a well ordered institution for the care of the insane.

CALIFORNIA OIL TRUST

To Be Prosecuted By the Government.

Said to Have Acquired Kern County Lands By Fraud.

It became known in federal circles yesterday that recent locations of land in Kern county by agents of the Standard Oil company have been made the subject of investigation by government officials. As a result, it is asserted, indictments will follow. The land was taken up by the petroleum combine ostensibly for the gypsum deposits, but in reality for oil purposes. That the character of the land had been carefully studied is shown by the fact that a flowing oil well has already been developed.

State Hospital Department.

The United States government affords state governments a better model for doing public business than the several states have generally made use of.

At Washington the business of the nation is classified under departments and each department is given a head responsible to the chief executive who, in return is responsible to the people. That makes responsible government. When things go wrong the people know who to blame, and where to apply the remedy. California has found a horticultural commissioner much more efficient than a state board of horticulture and less costly. It would also find a commissioner in lunacy or general superintendent of state hospitals much more efficient than a lunacy commission whose members can hardly maintain a speaking acquaintance with the duties of the office because of the enormous pressure of their own official positions. They must, as a matter of fact, rely upon the advice of the general superintendent as to what action to take on each issue arises. If this elimination were made, the office of the general superintendent should be filled with attaches from a classified civil service list or, at all events, the personnel of the clerical force should have tenure of office based upon efficiency and good behavior.

Continuity Essential.

There can be no adequate administration of a great, benevolent public trust like that of the care of the insane without such a continuity of management as will permit the working out of policies to their full fruition. There must be those who know the business from "A" to "Z" and they can only know it by growing up with it, year after year, administration after administration. It is all expert work and requires special knowledge not to be gained through service in running encyclopedias and conventions.

Local Board Should Go.

Local boards of managers are less necessary to the best interests of California's hospital system than is the state lunacy commission. If a local board undertakes to do more than to deal with the financial side of affairs it inevitably hampers the efforts of the local superintendent who, if he is at all fit for his position, knows more about the conducting of such an institution than he can ever teach his board, even if they were able to give their whole time to study—which they never are. In fact, they seldom allow public business to interfere with their private business and they frequently cover positions upon such board for one or two reasons, both to their discredit—because they want a little political patronage to distribute, or a little political recognition from "the powers that be." They are busy men and it is impossible that they shall attain to specialized knowledge on the subject of the care and treatment of the insane. They seldom put themselves upon inquiry in that regard, but disposed of propositions which come to them by "main strength and awkwardness." When, as frequently happens, they lose power and attempt to exercise it, they make illimitable mistakes.

Simplify the System.

In my judgment the legislature should simplify the whole system of hospital management by the elimination of both the lunacy commission and the local boards and erecting the office of general superintendent into a state lunacy department. The superintendent should be given an assistant and all the local superintendents should be constituted into an advisory board, with quarterly meetings held to discuss the act for the general welfare of the hospital service of the state. This would make for efficiency and economy.

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Immensey Rich Lands Embraced Within the Two Territories Which Make Up the Newest State—Some of the Opportunities Offering for the Last Time in History.

OKLAHOMA, THE NEW

MEMBER OF THE UNION

IMMENSELY RICH LANDS EMBRACED WITHIN THE TWO TERRITORIES WHICH MAKE UP THE NEWEST STATE—SOME OF THE OPPORTUNITIES OFFERING FOR THE LAST TIME IN HISTORY.

BY IRA E. BENNETT.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 15.

NO STATE has ever been admitted into the Union with more of the attributes of greatness than Oklahoma. On November 16, in accordance with an act of congress of June 16, 1906, the Territory of Oklahoma and Indian Territory voted in favor of admission into the Union as a single state. Delegates to a constitutional convention were elected, and at the proper time, the constitution will be submitted to the people for ratification. The constitutional convention is composed of men of high character and ability, and it is reasonable to expect them to draft a constitution that will meet the approval of the people.

Upon the ratification of the constitution and the certification of the vote, the president will issue a proclamation announcing the result, and "thereupon the proposed state of Oklahoma shall be deemed admitted by congress into the Union, under and by virtue of this act, on an equal footing with the original states."

The jointure of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory brings together two communities of distinct character. One might be called the finished product, and the other, the Indian Territory, is in the rough. Conditions are crude and the struggle of the white man for existence has been almost intolerable. Ever since the right was given to the Indians, ten years ago, to lease certain lands, ten acres, for grazing, farming, mining, etc., the white man has been in the Territory solely by sufferance. It affords a remarkable instance of the forbearance that characterized the American and his determination to stick doggedly to a thing until he works out success, no matter how adverse may be the surroundings or how discouraging the prospect.

These leases gave the white man simply the right to farm, or otherwise develop the lands he held; beyond that he secured no rights that belong to the farmer elsewhere. There are no schools for the white children, except such as are maintained by private subscription; no roads, for if roads were made an obstinate Indian could fence them up, and there was no authority to invoke against them; no courts except those of United States commissioners, and these officials are widely scattered, and their authority in many cases exceedingly doubtful; no hospitals, asylums or other institutions for the care of paupers or others who might become a public charge.

Under such conditions, 300,000 American citizens have moved into the Indian Territory, leased lands, and endeavored to build up the country. In this territory there are 80,000 Indians, each with an allotment of 500 acres of land, making 40,000,000 acres of the most fertile land in all the country, tied up so that no white man can secure title to a foot of it. If the agricultural lands, and the rich mineral resources of this territory have been developed largely under such uninviting conditions, what may we expect when the benefits bestowed by the enabling act become a reality?

Under the provisions of the last Indian bill, and the act providing for the admission of the two territories as a

insignificant portion of the total population.

The political complexion of that portion of the new state which is now Indian Territory depends entirely upon the section of the country from which it draws its immigrants. There are now 500,000 white people there, chiefly from the Southern and border Democratic states, and, as it stands today, Indian Territory undoubtedly is Democratic. Within the next ten years another half million people will invade the Territory and buy homes. If they are farmers of Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Kansas and Nebraska, the political complexion of the Territory may change. Some of the Indian chieftains are powerful among their tribes, and in the congressional districts where the more populous tribes reside it is reasonable to presume that a full-blood Indian may soon have a seat in congress. The preponderance of white people, however, precludes the idea that any one other than a white man will go to the United States senate.

In some measure, at least, the Indians of the Territory are fitted for self-government. They were made citizens a few years ago, and for a long time have been controlling their tribal affairs through elections, which have been fairly and honestly conducted. Tribal relations recently ceased under the provisions of the Curtis act.

The Territory of Oklahoma has all the economic requisites for the making of one of the richest agricultural and industrial states in the Union. It had a cosmopolitan population, drawn from the most substantial elements of the older commonwealths. It is made up of men who sold their farms in the East, North and South, after making a nucleus of them, and sought a larger opportunity than the old conditions afforded. If Northern Greeks were living today he would be more specific in his advice to the young men, and tell them to go to Oklahoma, for it is in such new communities of splendid resources and progressive spirit that success is found.

The total population today is about 900,000, distributed mostly over the farms of the state. The 427,000 remaining homestead lands were taken up in 1905. A half million acres of the remaining Indian lands will be sold under sealed bids in 160-acre tracts early in December. A six land is situated in the southern border next to the Texas line. More Indians may be seen in the streets of Washington than in the streets of this town. It has electric lights and power, electric street railways, waterworks and every other necessity of modern civilization, while without its boundaries are lands being developed from its crops only through the sufferance of full-blood or half-breed Indians.

With the admission of this Territory these conditions will pass into history and form another of the memories connected with the development of the empire of the West. In Oklahoma there are no more lands to be had. There will be simply a question of development. In 1901 the northern border of the state was thrown open to settlement through one of the most spectacular lotteries ever held under the auspices of the federal government. Over 126,000 farms of 160 acres each were awarded to settlers by lottery. The figures show that nearly all of these awards went to people from Texas, Missouri and Arkansas.

Oklahoma, wisely following the Texas pattern, has set aside an unusually large proportion of her lands for school purposes, and it is to the credit of the Territory that the sentiment of the people is almost unanimous against any proposition looking to their sale. In the face of a clamor from outsiders for their disposition, Two sections in each township are set aside for the schools, and in addition there is a liberal allowance for state institutions, normal schools, and colleges. There are a number of Indians in Oklahoma, but they form an

000,000, a healthy asset for the latest of Uncle Sam's family. Those farmers who have migrated from New England and the Middle states have tried to transplant some of the conceptions they knew at home. Hence the extensive orchards of apples, peaches, pears, plums, grapes and cherries, the products of which are shipped to New Orleans, Kansas City and St. Louis. And as the climate of the new state enables the gardener to supply the table with fresh vegetables seven months of the year, from April to November, truck gardening has become an important industry. Oklahoma melons are famous. Two crops of potatoes are grown on the same ground in one season. In 1906 five carloads were sent North. This year more than 600 carloads were shipped. Oklahoma livestock raisers took some of the best prizes at the St. Louis exposition.

Oil is a big industry in the northern, or Indian Territory, portion of the new state, but during the past few months it has fallen off temporarily, because the supply has exceeded the demand. It is claimed that the Standard Oil Company has reduced prices in order to make production unprofitable. The further growth of the oil industry seems to be dependent upon the upbuilding of manufacturing towns.

The people of Oklahoma Territory have been taxed only 8.4 mills on \$93,100,721, which is only 10.23 per cent of the total valuation of \$860,000,000. The people of the new state will be equally free from heavy taxation.

The growth of the new state has been rapid that the railroads have been unable to keep pace with it, despite the fact that during the past year and a half about 1,000 miles have been added to the transportation facilities of the state. Every county in the state will be well supplied with transportation, and several cities will have from three to five lines running in and out, thus placing the producer, manufacturer and merchant in competitive touch with the markets of the larger cities.

All the railroads throughout Oklahoma are heavy carriers of passengers. The people of this region are restless, wide awake, keen-eyed Americans. Tradition has no weight with them. They are fond of smashing precedents. The newspapers of Oklahoma are up-to-date, inclined to be sensational, and always outspoken. Some of the larger cities are as finished, in spots, as the cities of the East. Trolley lines run everywhere, uniting country and town, and illustrating vividly the change that has come over rural life in the United States. Isolation is becoming a memory.

**YOUR GRAY HAIR
NOT WANTED**

But there is relief from it. In Four Days it can be Restored

To Its Natural Color by using

**4-Day
Hair Restorer**

It is not a dye, but in a natural way

It acts on the roots, compelling the secretion of the pigments that give life and color to the hair—in four days

—at a bottle, at all druggists.

If you have any defects of skin, scalp or general health, write me for complete details.

Mrs. NETTIE HARRISON, Dermatologist

140 Geary St., San Francisco, Calif.

Laboratory, Menlo Park, Calif.

For sale by Baker & Colson, druggists.

It is a dye, but in a natural way

It acts on the roots, compelling the secretion of the pigments that give



Mrs. Pearl Altenberg, a fair Chicago visitor, who is enjoying a visit with Fresno relatives.

The coming week holds many attractive events for the next bride-to-be, Miss Maud Rorick, whose wedding a week from Wednesday to Dr. William W. Craycroft is an affair which society is anticipating with more than usual pleasure because of the prominence and popularity of both the young people and their families. This year there is to be a round of "guy doings" for the attractive young bride, whose friends are vying with one another in entertaining for her.

The festivities will lead off on Tuesday afternoon with a card affair at which Miss Aimee Newman will be present.

Mrs. Willis Pike and Miss Laurell Moody, the latter Miss Rorick's pretty maid of honor, have arranged a charming little affair for Wednesday afternoon.

The Alpha Whist club met on Friday for their usual weekly games with Mrs. Will Bean. The club is planning for an evening party this week, to which the gentlemen will be bidden.

Miss Alice Darrow and her fiance, Lieutenant Arnold of Fort Baker, are visiting Miss Abby Woodward. Lieutenant Arnold will return north tonight, but Miss Darrow will remain for a longer visit.

Reverend John H. Babcock has arrived from Montana to spend the winter months with his son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. George Babcock.

Miss Grace Jones leaves on the Owl tonight for Long Beach, where she will visit for some months with friends, among them Mrs. Victor Cox, who before her marriage was Miss Viola Curren of this city.

Cupid with his wily ways and innocent mein has crept through the innermost doors of the sanctum sanctorum of the Santa Fe office and stolen the bachelor heart of the general agent, R. W. Hobart. In fact, the stealing process went on sometime ago, but with a man's usual reticence the true state of the case did not come to light until the announcement of the wedding, which occurred last night at the bride's home in Mill Valley. The bride was Miss Daisy L. Hawley, a charming Mill Valley girl and a member of a prominent family about the bay. Mr. Hobart is one of the prominent Santa Fe officials on the coast and is a man of sterling worth and strong character. He has lived in Fresno a little more than a year and during that time has made warm, true friends, who like and respect him for his many qualities. The wedding was a quiet home affair, after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Hobart leaving for Southern California where a two weeks' honeymoon will be spent. They will return to Fresno about December 1st, when they will be at home to their friends at the Hughes hotel.

Mrs. Pearl Altenberg, whose picture appears this morning, is an attractive and accomplished young Chicagoan, who is here on a visit to her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. C. Garfield Richardson, in West Park colony. She was the guest of honor at an affair last week which her cousins gave for her.

The members of the Fresno Music club have a treat in prospect in the lecture next Saturday afternoon by Miss Marie Withrow of San Francisco on "Mind and Music." Miss Withrow stands alone in her particular line of work, which lies in teaching through appeal to mental powers rather than to mere imitative teaching. She is a remarkable woman in many ways and has been especially recognized both in America and abroad as an authority upon this subject. She was a personal friend of Charles Anna, whose famous book on the "Philosophy of the Voice" has been widely read by serious students of voice culture. She is the teacher of the famous singer, Maria Tempesta, and of Therese del Riego, the soprano. In the spring Miss Withrow is to return to Paris, where she will open a studio to teach her unique and wonderful method, which has met with such marvelous success. That the club is to have this pleasure is to be counted no small blessing, and the members are looking forward to it as an especial occasion.

An approaching wedding of interest to the many friends of the young people is that of Miss Neola Zimmerman, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Z. Zimmerman and Mr. Charles Spence of Visalia. The young bride-to-be is a very attractive girl, possessing many lovely qualities of character which have endeared her to a host of friends. She was brought up in Fresno and educated in the schools of this city. The groom belongs to a well-known Visalia family. He is postal clerk on the Southern Pacific and has gained many staunch friends by his genial manner and business capabilities. The wedding is to be celebrated the first week in December and will be a quiet

the little folks well amused and afterwards the birthday good things. The little host received a number of pretty gifts as souvenirs of the happy day. Those present were: Veda, Lily, Elsie and Helen Hallen; Kate Paulick, Emma and Kate Fries, Freda, Veon and Maggie Jones, Walter and Paul Haag, Johnnie Wheeler, Johnnie Lamotte, Mrs. Myer, Mrs. Eagle and Mr. Lamotte.

Enthusiasm ran high last night at the exhibition basket ball game given at the Young Women's Christian association under the direction of the physical director, Miss Agnes Hersey, who has been so successful in her gymnasium work. Two exciting games were played between the business girls' class and the class of grammar school girls. The first game was in the seniors standing 4 to 4. The second score was 22 to 18 in favor of the business girls, but the points were all closely contested. Basket ball is made a feature of the weekly gymnasium work and is finding great favor with the students. The players last night in the business girls' class were Miss Florence Hammont, Miss Eleanor Ede, Miss Browning, Miss Olson, Miss Worthak, Miss Buckley, Miss Leonie Chappell, Mrs. C. C. Lingel. In the grammar girls' class were Madel Forsey, Bernece Phoenix Agnes Grant, Marguerite Molane, Helen Miller, Ruth Goodman, Alice Hall, Bernice Hall, Marguerite Rohr and Jessie Jackson.

It is expected to have these match games occur at least every two weeks when spectators are invited to witness the games.

Yesterday morning at the Cumberland Presbyterian manse Reverend Wallace united in marriage F. E. Hampton of Long Beach, and Lucretia A. Dick of Guadalupe, Cal.

Last night at the residence of the groom's brother, C. M. Futrell, 354 C street, occurred the wedding of E. B. Futrell and Miss Katie Schaeffer. It was a quiet ceremony, witnessed only by the immediate relatives and a few friends of the young people. The bride has been living just out of Fresno with her parents and has a number of friends who will be surprised to learn of the wedding, which was kept a profound secret from all except the nearest relatives. The groom is from San Mateo, where he is in business, and where the young people will go within a few days to make their future home.

The market at no time showed any recuperation. Liverpool cables were steady, despite yesterday's decline on the local exchange and receipts in the Northwest were again below those of the corresponding day last year. The market lacked substantial spirit and the majority of offerings was taken by shorts. The close was weak. December opened a shade to 74@7c, sold off to 73@7c and closed down 74@7c to 73@7c.

The corn market was steady early, but later pit traders became active sellers on May, and this, with a break of 1 to 20 in the price of cash corn, had a weakening effect on options. The market closed weak, with prices at the lowest of the day. December opened unchanged to a shade higher at 42@7c to 42@8c and sold off at 42@8c and closed down 42@8c to 42@7c.

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BUSINESS CARDS.

FONG KEE—First-class restaurant at Mendota. Will serve all kinds of meals 25 cents up. Best attention to all boarders. Successor to Hop Lee. Will be glad to receive Hop Lee's old patrons and will guarantee them the same attention.

MAKING FACES—and developing for amateurs. That's about all we know. Royal Photo Studio, Kern and M Sts. W. D. BARNES has all kinds of lumber for sale at his mill on Pine Ridge. Postoffice Auberry.

MRS. ROBB, Fresno's famous medium, is here. 1113 Tulare St., room 10. \$7.50 HATS Reduced to \$5.00; \$2.50 hats reduced to \$1.50. 911 J.

JOSÉPH ASCHIZZI AND BIRÓ, practical gardener and florist, taking care of residence yards a specialty; prices reasonable, and work guaranteed. Phone Main 555.

FRESNO MILLINERY—Opp. Hughes entrance. Just received, felt hats, fancy feathers, plumes, bows, college hats, cowboy hats. Cheapest in city.

BON BONNIERIE—Candy and ice cream parlor is moving to 1022 J St., formerly occupied by the Wonder.

STAR RESTAURANT—The best 150 meal in town. 852 J St.

AUCTION Price Furniture Co.—Bar-gains on all kinds of furniture and household goods; top price for second-hand furniture. 1125 K St., Main 2517.

DOW and MARTIN, real estate, 1138 I St., Fresno. Phone Main 591.

CITY FURNITURE CO.—New and second-hand furniture, stoves, hardware, etc., bought, sold and exchanged. Goods repaired, packed and shipped. 1443 K street. Phone Main 1877.

MONO FEED AND LIVERY STABLES—First-class livery rigs at reasonable rates. Main 975, C. E. White.

SAMPLE BROS.—Feed and livery stable, 1830 Merced St., between H and I. Phone Main 484.

FUJI PHOTO STUDIO—Y. Sei proprietor. 935 F St. Phone China 633.

MISS SHIRER—Flowers and Art Goods. 915 J St. Phone Main 2070.

MRS. L. B. GALLOWAY, Nascompling, hairdressing, manicuring, facial massage, scalp treatment and chiropody. Phone Main 1198. Commercial Hotel, work done at your house.

ELECTRIC HORSE CLIPPING, WHE & Winn, proprietors. Corner Fresno and K. Fresno.

HENRY VIEZ, FINE TAILORING for gentlemen and ladies' garments. Formerly with Redfern, Paris. Over Dorsey-Robinson.

HATS—Made, trimmed or remodeled. Mrs. Anna Walton, phone 2618, residence 1856 Harvey Ave.

HELLO, Main 471. This French Dye Works. Like you to clean our clothes.

FRESNO TENT, AWNING and Carpet Cleaning Co., 1834 Fresno. Phone Main 683.

ROYAL CAFE—1836 Mariposa street. Excellent 20c. meals. Phone Main 540.

FRESNO UPHOLSTERING CO., Phone Main 2844; 1221 H street.

CARPETS—Fresno Steam Carpet Cleaning and renovating Works take up, clean and relays carpets. Phone Main 555. Wm. M. Story.

T. E. HUFF—Feed and livery stables, corner Fresno and H. Main 689.

DRESSMAKING.

MISSES EDISON—Modiste and Ladie's tailoring. 1430 O. Main 2659.

DRESSMAKING at "The Wallace," 1848 J St.

DRESSMAKER—By day. Miss Jensen, 1311 P. Phone Black 105.

MRS. BAUCOM—Dressmaking. 1047 Q St. Phone Main 2030.

DRESSMAKING—Mrs. Kate Skinner, Room 12, 13 and 14, Garibaldi Blg.

FOR SALE-STOCK.

FOR SALE—Two heifer calves, 3 weeks old. Apply 1727 White ave., or Phone Black 2043.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Holstein bull, thoroughbred Guernsey bull and Percheron stallion. Inquire Dorsey-Robinson Co.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A nice fresh, young cow. Apply at 1105 California Ave., cor. of Ivy.

FOR SALE—14 head large young work horses, harness and wagon. Palo Alto Stable, corner H and Merced. Main 108. E. C. Buchanan.

FOR SALE—Two fresh cows. 303 Abbey St. Inquire down stairs.

FOR SALE—Fresh milk cow cheap. Phone Main 610. 428 Glenn Ave.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Poland China hogs. Eisen vineyard.

FOR SALE—Thirty head of young horses, from 2 to 4 years old; one stallion 3 years old; or will trade for hay. Apply Fresno City Bay market.

FOR SALE—Two Norman and two drivers, 3 years old. D. C. Bartholomew, half mile north Belmont school.

FOR SALE—Good gentle family horse. Apply Dexter Stables. J. R. McKay.

FOR SALE—A fancy driver. Call at 1837 K St. Phone Main 2070.

FOR SALE—Draft horses, five mules, a few mares in Empire Stables. D. J. Carty.

FOR SALE—Two work horses. Apply 644 K St.

FOR SALE—20 head of dairy cows; one Jersey built at C.C.G., Jon Hansen.

FOR SALE—Fresh cow, suitable for family use. Call or address R. V. Henderson, Fowler, Cal. R. R. 1.

FOR SALE—A horse, about 1000 lbs., quiet, for lady or children. To ride or drive. Also a good young cow. Address P. O. Box 706, or telephone State 2132.

FOR SALE—Span good mules; weight about 1100 lbs. Cal Anderson Bros., 1½ miles south Fresno Winery.

WANTED—To contract the sale of calves for six months from 25 choice cows. F. C. Campbell. P. O. Box 1023 Fresno.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON Real Estate. G. W. Dowda, 1455 J St.

WANTED—To lend \$4000 on real estate security. Call on or address Miles Wallace, Fiske Bldg., Fresno.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate. Address P. O. box 1333, Fresno.

ESTRAYED—From Helen Ranch, one brown horse, male 12 years old, weighs about 1050 lbs. Branded 22 on left hip. Finder please notify Helen Co.

ESTRAYED—Bay mare on Cedar ave.

ESTRAYED—Dark buckskin mare; weight about 900; seal or wire cut across breast. Reward for notifying. Box 1100, Fresno P. O.

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. L. CHAMBERLAIN has opened an exclusive carriage trimming shop at 855 J street.

AUTO AND BUGGY TOPS a specialty; cushions, fringes and enameled cloth. Old tops recovered. H. L. Chamberlain, 855 J street.

WANTED—Chickens and calves. Ven-tura Market, 612 J St. Main 862.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—a ranch blacksmith. Apply to Hector Barnes, Patterson block, Fresno.

WANTED—Ranch blacksmith good pay. Apply 1. G. Levy, 1000 1 St.

WANTED—Man to plow 40 acres of land. Apply 303 Blackstone.

WANTED—Cook's helpers; wages \$50. Address P. P. Dwight, Raymond.

YOUNG MAN for office work. Must have good knowledge of bookkeeping; good salary. Address, stating experience and references, Bookkeeper, P. O. Box 706.

WANTED—A youth to learn the opt. business. Dr. F. M. Kearns, 2036 Mariposa St.

WANTED—At once, young man 15 to 17 years, to work in drug store. Call at Golden Rule Drug Store.

STRONG young men, for firemen and brakemen on California and other railroads. Experience unnecessary. Fifteen, \$100 monthly, become engineer and earn \$200. Brakemen \$75, become conductors and earn \$150. Name position preferred. State age, height, weight (important). Railway Association, care Fresno Republican.

WANTED—Every man every night at 1237 J St. to hear what is said there. Free and welcome.

WANTED—Men to work on grain ranch. Apply to Hector Barnes, Patterson Building.

WANTED—A married man, American, to work on ranch and superintendent same. Good reference required. Call or address 201 Valeria.

PEOPLES' EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Reliable help furnished. 1307 J St., phone Main 2050.

WANTED—Reliable and trustworthy agents in every city and community to sell tea, coffees and specialties. Reply with references. F. W. Spart, 114 Market St., Los Angeles.

RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Help wanted and supplied. 1217 K St. Main 2562.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds good boys. 913 China alley, China 251.

WANTED—Harness maker. Minnewawa vineyard.

AGUIRRE'S RELIABLE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—Furniture, stock, implements, etc., bought and sold and on commission. Address F. C. Box 29, Republican.

WANTED—Position as grocery clerk by young man with 4 years experience. Tel. Red 481.

YOUNG BUSINESS WOMAN, Universal all-round expert, fine musician and typewriter, wants occupation. Capable of taking charge. Address Box A-45, Republican.

FOR SALE—All kinds of bearing. Inquire 1920 D.

FOR SALE \$60—Horse, buggy and harness. 338 Thesia.

WILL EXCHANGE MY Automobile for raisin trays and sweat boxes. Apply Olufs' warehouse.

FOR SALE—Turkeys; alive 25 cents per lb.; dressed, 25¢. Delivered. Address M. F. Dudley, R. F. D. No. 2, Box 6, Fresno.

FOR SALE—All kinds of bugs. Inquire 1920 D.

FOR SALE \$60—Horse, buggy and harness. 338 Thesia.

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WILL EXCHANGE MY Automobile for raisin trays and sweat boxes. Apply Olufs' warehouse.

FOR SALE—Turkeys; alive 25 cents per lb.; dressed, 25¢. Delivered. Address M. F. Dudley, R. F. D. No. 2, Box 6, Fresno.

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ENFORCING PURE FOOD LEGISLATION

WASHINGTON. Nov. 11.—Those who suppose that the pure food campaign is likely to fall through of its own weight, or that the plans for putting the new rules into effect are likely not to be carried out because of the tremendous difficulties involved in inaugurating a complete scheme of action, will find themselves mistaken. Secretary Wilson has sent to the secretary of the treasury and has already had put into type for presenting to congress plans for the appropriation and expenditure of \$1,000,000 to be devoted to the securing of adequate pure food inspection. Of this great sum, \$250,000 is to be spent during the months of January-July of the current fiscal year, while \$50,000 is to be expended during the fiscal year ending July 30, 1908. If congress acts promptly on this request, there will be intense activity at the department of agriculture and machinery, which is now being prepared, will at once be put into operation.

Plans for Enforcement. Probably few people realize the fact that the department has already got its working mechanism fully planned. Such is, however, the case. Should congress appropriate the money needed during the first few days after the opening of the session, a completely organized force of men will go to work on the 1st of January. The present plan is to have in each state at least one general inspector, who will look after the administration of the pure food law in that section. In larger states, more than one inspector will be appointed. The duties of the men will be to visit all factories that are engaged in preparing foods which are subject to the provisions of the law, and see that the operations connected with the preparation of such foods are thoroughly clean and sanitary. In their nature, these men will also do the work of gathering samples for analysis under the law, and will be the direct agency through which the department will carry on the work of food control. It will be expected that the corps thus formed shall spend its whole time in the work of inspecting foods, and in traveling about in connection with the duties assigned, and in order to get satisfactory men, it is proposed to pay good salaries. The civil service law provides that the

maximum pay for any position in the government service that is not expressly created by statute shall be \$3000, and this will, therefore, be the upper limit of the pay these men can get. Of course, many of the inspectors will range as low as \$1,500, according to present expectations; while others will range between these extremes. In addition to salary, traveling expenses at the usual government rates will be allowed. A large number of men who will be willing to take these places will have been previously engaged and can be summoned as already stated, almost at a moment's notice. They will be subjected to civil service examinations, but that will cause only a minimum of delay.

Laboratory Work.

The mere mechanism of official control is far from being all that the department has in mind. A second step in the process of enforcement will be that of getting into regular relations with all of the state food laboratories. These will be asked to make examinations of food samples and to declare their ingredients. This will be careful and responsible scientific work, and it will be necessary to pay the state laboratories well in order to get the analysis made with due care. A part of the appropriation asked for will be used for this purpose. By getting into relations with these laboratories, moreover, the department will be able to assure that its work will be harmonious with that of the several states. There is no desire to trench upon the field of operations assigned to the states under their own laws, but rather to extend and supplement them. Closely connected with these laboratory investigations will be the inquiries of experts, who will be employed by the government in connection with cases in which the wholesomeness of given food ingredients is drawn into question. A substantial sum will be set aside by the Department of Agriculture for the purpose of engaging such experts to testify and to make the analysis upon which their testimony is based in given cases. There will, of course, be no regularly employed body of such men, but they will be called upon to give opinions on the chemical and dietary properties of food ingredients as occasion demands. Finally, it is desired to construct laboratories in all of the important ports for the control of imported food products. In these laboratories will be made the examination of samples of such products when they are brought into the country, and these federal laboratories will seek to operate in every way with those established in the several states under the laws of the individual commonwealths.

Standards of Purity.

In addition to laboratory work in connection with the samples there will be some effort to establish standards of purity in the more general sense. It will be remembered that, in consequence of the efforts of certain interests last spring, congress omitted from the pure food law any reference to the establishment of such standards. Prior to that time, however, there had been a committee composed of representatives of the official agricultural chemists of the country who had established food standards under the provisions of previously existing laws. This committee, in consequence of the terms of its reference to it, is no longer in official existence, but the pure food law authorized the secretary of agriculture to take advice as to the purity of foods. As it happened the committee, acting under the old law, had, before the passage of the pure food act, established standards for all the most important articles of diet. There remain beer and distilled liquors for which standards are to be established. Secretary Wilson has asked the original committee to suggest standards for these two articles, and when they are offered by the committee they will undoubtedly be employed in just the same way that will be the case with the standards established prior to last spring which are now a part of the existing legislation. It is thus plain that the department will be well prepared to secure the enforcement of the pure food law provided congress will once grant the necessary funds.—Journal of Commerce.

LOCAL MARKETS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Lemons—20¢ per dozen.
Grape fruit—60¢ dozen.

Apples—3½¢ lb.
Bananas—25¢ dozen.

Potatoes—2½¢ lb.
Pineapples—40¢ doz.

String Beans—15¢ lb.
Green Peas—15¢ per lb.

Cucumbers—5¢ lb.
Green Peppers—10¢ lb.

Tomatoes—3½¢ per lb.
Radishes—2 bunches doz.

Cabbage—24¢ per lb.
Horseradish—25¢ per lb.

Onions—2½¢ per lb.
Turnips—2½¢ per bunch.

Carrots—2½¢ per bunch.
Canarypeas—10¢ lb.

Lettuce—3 for 10¢.
Carrots—2½¢ per bunch.

Beets—10¢ lb.
Egg Plant—2 for 5¢.

Cranberries—2 qts. 25¢.
Sprouts—10¢.

Poultry.
Chickens—Broilers, dressed, 35¢@40¢ per lb.; alive, 30¢ per lb.

Chickens—Fryers, dressed, 85¢ per lb.; alive, 60¢ per lb.

Chickens—Dressed hen, 30¢ per lb.; alive, 20¢@25¢ per lb.

Turkeys—Dressed, 25¢ per lb.; alive, 20¢ per lb.

GRAIN.
Wheat—\$1.25 & \$1.65.
Barley—50¢; \$2 a ton.

Egyptian Corn—\$1.35 per 100; ton 25¢.

Corn—\$2.00.

KILNSTUFFS.
Fresno Flour—\$1.30@\$1.35.

Wauwau Flour—\$1.40.

A 1 Flour—\$1.45.

Crown Flour—\$1.40.

Middlings—\$1.45.

Bran—\$2.25 per sack; \$27 and \$28 per ton.

Corn Meal—35¢ per 10-lb. sack.

Graham Meal—35¢ per 10-lb. sack.

Whole Wheat Flour—35¢ per 10-lb. sack.

Cracked Wheat—35¢ per 10-lb. sack.

Oat Meal—40¢ per 10-lb. sack.

Rye Meal—35¢ per 10-lb. sack.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Creamery—25¢ per roll.

Dairy—50¢ per roll.

Eggs—40¢ per dozen, 2 for 75¢.

FRESH MEATS.

Beef Steak—10¢@15¢; roast 10¢@15¢.

Mutton—10¢@12¢ per lb.

Lamb—12¢@14¢ per pound.

Pork—12¢@14¢ per lb.

Ven—10¢@12¢.

Lard—15¢ per pound.

DRESSED STOCK.

Steer—5½¢.

Veal—5½¢ per pound.

Mutton—8 to 9¢.

FUEL.

Pine Blocks—90¢ load.

Oak Wood—\$7.50 cord.

Coal—\$14 ton.

DOES LUXURY GIVE RISE TO NATIONAL DECAY?

A writer in *Country Life* in America, in an article on decorative art, observes that "fear of being accused of a leaning toward the luxuries that are popularly supposed to cause the downfall of civilization is no longer powerful enough to prevent us from living in beautiful houses and surrounding ourselves with beautiful objects." It is very doubtful that fear ever had the restraining influence which is assumed by the writer. He would probably find it difficult to name a single person who in building and furnishing a house practiced self-denial for that reason. As a matter of fact, our abhorrence from luxury until recent years was due to lack of acquaintance with its practice and not to absence of desire or apprehension of the consequences of lavish expenditure for the purpose of surrounding ourselves with creature comforts. But, while no one in this country has refrained from indulgence in luxury from fear, it is no doubt true that there is a popular suspicion that the downfall of civilization was due to the cause mentioned.

The impression, however, is not merely a popular one, as the writer appears to assume; it seems to have forced itself upon some profoundly philosophical historians, among them the great Gibbon, who, in his magnificent epitome of all that was written about the Romans during many centuries, frequently advances the view that the decay of the mighty empire of antiquity was due to the cause mentioned. To it he traced the alleged decline of the military spirit of the Romans, and the final extinction of their power. And his opinion is shared, or at least has been voiced, by all the writers since his time. One and all they accept his theory, perhaps because it is a convenient one, and by adopting it they evade the necessity of investigating a complex subject which bristles with suggestions of other causes, many of which were apparently contradictory, although none of them seem decisive.

If the theory that luxury endangers the safety of nations is sound, the modern economists are wasting a great deal of energy in trying to bring to a scientific basis the study of the best mode of increasing the national wealth. When a nation grows rich its people are sure to enter upon a career of luxury. The possession of the means invariably results in indulgence. Therefore, if a nation is to escape the fate of, let us say of the extinct Akkads, or of the civilizations of Greece prior to the period of which Thucydides wrote with precision, it had better practice self-denial and cease to struggle for worldly gain. In other words, if we wish to preserve our civilization we must choose the simple life; we must eschew luxury and above all things, avoid ostentatious display in our homes.

But, in spite of the prevalent opinion that luxury is fatal to civilization, there is no evidence that self-denial or simple living will ward off such a fate. One experiment of that kind tried in antiquity, and which has enriched our language with a word which describes the antithesis of indulgence, proved a dismal failure. The abstinence of the Spartans, supplemented though it was by the wisdom of Solon, did not prevent their being swallowed up by a people who, if less virile, were more than a match for Sparta in other ways.

The truth of the matter is we really know very little about the causes that contributed to the decay of nations, which is, perhaps, a better word to use in this connection than civilizations; and what little we do know we know in a very confused manner. Certainly no one who has familiarized himself with the ponderous volumes of Gibbon will declare that he succeeds in emphasizing his own views by a continuous presentation of facts to support them. In the long period of fourteen centuries between the organization of the empire and the fall of Constantople there were so many variations of fortune that the student may be pardoned if he refuses to accept the assumption that luxury had so emasculated the Roman people that the military spirit became extinct. Gibbon furnishes an abundance of testimony demonstrating that the Romans behaved as valiantly in battle, and were as well led in the declining days of the empire, as when the predatory oligarchy drove the people into wars to distract their minds from the consideration of domestic grievances.

When Gibbon wrote, his own country had not acquired the habit of employing mercenaries, and it was the literary fashion to characterize the nations dependent upon hired soldiers as unpatriotic. Later Britons learned that the women will full into line, so that the milliners will continue to make money at the expense of the married men. The entire movement is founded upon the fallacy that fashion is even a matter of logic and sense. It might be better for our health to go without hats, if we acquired the habit early in life, but that is no reason why we shall do anything of the kind. Fashion and common sense seldom go hand in hand.

The consciousness that one is wearing a hat of the latest style and that it is highly becoming makes the victim of baldness, colds in the head, or even brain disease, almost reconciled to his fate.—San Jose Mercury.

SHAVING ON TRAINS NOT HARD.

Easier and Safer to Do It Yourself Than to Leave It to the Train Barber.

"There was a hurrail when some of the railroads started barber shops on their fast trains," said a traveling man. The newspapers said that at last travelers would have the luxury of a shave whenever necessary, and that no longer would we see unkempt men leaving the trains at the end of a long day.

"Now the barber shops on the fast trains are undoubtedly a blessing to men who are not able to shave themselves, but for my part I consider them far more dangerous than the simple operation of shaving yourself, even when going at the rate of sixty miles an hour."

"I always shave myself, and I do not use a safety razor, yet I would sooner shave my chin with an unprotected blade while the train is going sixty or seventy miles an hour than let a barber on the same train shave me with a sharp razor and perform the operation.

"The reason for this is that when one holds the razor in one's own hand the razor moves with you if there should be a sudden jar or jolt. If you fall toward the razor the razor falls away from you, as your arm is naturally outstretched to prevent you from striking a wall."

"But suppose the barber is leaning over you as you sit in a chair and a sudden lurching of the train throws him against the chair. What chance have you in the chair to get away from the sharp blade coming in your direction?"

"I have shaved myself dozens of times on fast trains and slow trains, and I have never cut myself once. Yet a number of my acquaintances who have patronized the train barber shops have been compelled to wear court plaster during the remainder of the trip."

"Up to a year or so ago I never shaved myself on a train, and I never saw any one else doing it. Then, perhaps, because of the advent of safety razors, it became a man's familiar sight to see a man shaving himself in the smoking room of the Pullman."

"I have had traveling men, seeing me shave for the first time, express surprise that I did not eat myself, owing to the lurching of the train, and when I have explained to them how easily one can shave on a train they have become instant converts to the practice. Like all simple things, one does not realize how simple it is until one has tried it."

"Another thing—it is infinitely smoother shaving when the train is going fast than when making only twenty-five or thirty miles an hour. The curves and the jolts seem more severe on a slow train. The steady motion of a swiftly moving train is more conducive to security and comfort than any slow train."

The contradictory opinions on the subject of the decline of nations are wholly due to the fact that historians dealing with antiquity have chosen to deal with the political rather than the economic side of their subject. Some day the events of the past will be interpreted by the economic light of the present, and then it will be seen that the decline of great empires was largely, if not wholly, due to the inclination of peoples to work; an economic condition inevitably produced by too

SURE LIGHT ON THE CANAL

In selecting the early port of November for a visit to the Isthmus of Panama, President Roosevelt exhibits his characteristic tendency to examine the worst as well as the best side of every problem he is called upon to confront. He has already been satisfied, no doubt, with the optimistic version of the enterprise. All that official reports, prepared by a really gifted litterateur, can do to present the canal prospects in truly carnival garb has been done. Mr. Roosevelt knows what it looks like under the cloudless skies of February. He knows also how it looks in the imminent miasma of imagination. Now he goes to take a glance at the reverse of the picture; to consider the canal and the progress of the great undertaking under the Rembrandt effect of the lowering clouds and torrential rains of November. The "wet season" will have reached its culmination point about the 15th instant. Four or five months of incessant downpour will have immersed the whole scene in gloom. A long period of flooded streams and saturated soil will have invested the prospect with the ultimate possibility of repulsion and discouragement. The president will see the enterprise in its most forlorn and forbidding revelation. He will find the working force reduced to the last stages of physical hardship and discomfiture.

This, however, is the "Roosevelt way." He is not content to have himself regaled with specially arranged processions, with charming vistas, with almost the "air mail" which supplies dealers the "air mail" which dealers the world over. But the porcupine hat, if it appears, is the cause of worse evils than mere baldness. By heating the head in summer it frequently induces brain disease. It also causes colds in the head, the nostrils, and the lungs, with certainty upon only four months of outdoor comfort in each year. These are the months of January, February, March, and April. It will count with certainty upon four months of constant storm-water—August, September, October, and November. The remaining months, May, June, July and December are not inevitable, but merely comparative afflictions. December is the tapering off of the "season." May, June and July are its overtures, usually intensifying in the form of a crescendo. Visit the canal zone during February or March and you wonder how many one could ever be sick there, and why they have so many hospitals. Paul Revere is not always sunny, clear, and wholesome; not always blest by brilliant skies and zephyrs fraught with invigorancy.

The French peasant woman, and the city workers of the poorer classes are the staple support of the celebrated "air mail" which supplies dealers the world over. But the porcupine hat, if it appears, is the cause of worse evils than mere baldness. By heating the head in summer it frequently induces brain disease. It also causes colds in the head, the nostrils, and the lungs, with certainty upon only four months of outdoor comfort in each year. These are the months of January, February, March, and April. It will count with certainty upon four months of constant storm-water—August, September, October, and November. The remaining months, May, June, July and December are not inevitable, but merely comparative afflictions. December is the tapering off of the "season." May, June and July are its overtures, usually intensifying in the form of a crescendo. Visit the canal zone during February or March and you wonder how many one could ever be sick there, and why they have so many hospitals. Paul Revere is not always sunny, clear, and wholesome; not always blest by brilliant skies and zephyrs fraught with invigorancy.

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California, in the Matter of the Estate of Mason Hirsch, deceased.

Order to Show Cause.

In the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mason Hirsch, deceased.

Order to show cause why order of sale of real estate should not be made and ordering publication.

GOSSIP OF GRAND JURY

Furniture Graft Being Dealt With By that Body.

Supervisor Fred Nicholas Is Brought In as One Who Benefited.

8-1-2 of Article II of the constitution, the terms of the county officers were placed under the charter provision making a two-year tenure.

In the case of Crowley vs. Freud, it was decided that the constitutional amendment did not give the charter any right to determine the qualifications of deputies or county officers.

ERIE FIREMEN READY TO STRIKE

Vote Believed to Be Unanimously In Favor of Such Action If Necessary.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 17.—The final ballot of the 450 firemen of the Mahoning division of the Erie system, of which this city is a part, was received here tonight at the headquarters of the brotherhood. The ballot will be taken Monday by a committee which then leaves for New York to put it before the executive officers of the brotherhood.

While the official vote was not given out, it is declared that not a dissenting vote was cast on the proposition to empower the committee of the brotherhood to declare a strike in the event that the demand of a 20 per cent increase in the wages of the firemen is rejected, or adversely by the officials of the road.

CONGRESSMAN HAYES AND JAPAN ISSUE

He Will Introduce Resolution Looking to Settlement of Immigration Dispute.

SAN JOSE, Nov. 17.—In an interview tonight, Congressman Hayes said:

"I expect to introduce a resolution at the coming session of congress asking the president to enter into negotiations with Japan for the purpose of making a new treaty between the two countries to settle this question of Japanese immigration in somewhat the same manner as we settled the question with China, which I believe to be the only feasible and sure way of preventing eventually serious trouble, and perhaps war, between this country and Japan."

SURPRISE BY PROSECUTION

Oscar Gillette Murder Case Is Before Jury.

Unknown Witness Heard the Dying Cry of Hapless Grace Brown.

HERKIMER, N. Y., Nov. 17.—That the dying cry of Grace Brown was heard by witnesses who will be called by the state in the trial of Oscar Gillette, charged with the murder of his sweetheart, was the declaration of District Attorney George B. Ward, who made his opening speech today. After describing the trip of the prisoner and Miss Brown to Moose Lake, from the waters of which the girl's body was later recovered, and a struggle on the shore, the prosecutor said:

"And that night, as he struck the girl and her last death cry echoed over the lake, there was a witness to all that and she will be here to tell you it."

The prosecutor's remarks created sensation, as it was the first intimation that the state would rely on other than circumstantial evidence to convict Gillette. The prosecutor would not reveal the identity of his witness, who he said was a woman.

At the session today, which was adjourned until Monday, the twelfth juror was secured.

ANOTHER BIG DEAL IN GOLDFILED MINES

Senator Nixon and George Wing Field Secured by Combination Properties of 200 Acres.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—A deal was consummated today by which Senator George S. Nixon of Nevada and George Wing Field, who recently effected a \$300,000 merger of mines in the Goldfield district, acquired the Combination mines, mills and water power in the Goldfield camp. The price paid for the property of ten claims aggregating 200 acres has not been given out.

It is said that a new corporation styled the Goldfield Combinations company, with a capitalization of \$100,000, will be formed and may become subsidiary to the recent \$500,000 merger. Senator Nixon tonight confirmed the consummation of the deal which he said was one of the most important made in the Goldfield district.

OLERICHS' STRONGBOX CONTAINED NO CODICIL

Nor Anything Else to Affect His Strange Will Made Before He Died.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Under the sanction of an order issued by Surrogate Fitzgerald, the locked box left by the late Herman Oelrichs, when he died on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, was opened today.

It was found to contain various personal papers of Oelrichs, but neither will nor codicil nor other document that could, it was said, in any way affect the validity of the will by Oelrichs before he sailed for Europe last June.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Few men are able to keep within hailing distance of their good intentions. If a woman is in a position to support a husband she can afford to do without one.

It takes a woman to carry on a conversation with a man in a tone that savors of scolding.

Probably half the pleasure a woman gets out of life is due to her complexion at all.

Vanity isn't on the official list of virtues, yet unless a man has a good option of himself he will never amount to much.—Chicago News.

HENEY TOOK HIM A WIFE

Assistant District Attorney Had One Day Off.

Judge Seawell's Decision Confirming Langdon and Heney Is Good Reading.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—Francis J. Heney, the assistant district attorney, and Mrs. Rebecca McMullan Bolvin, were married today at Piedmont, Alameda county. They will not go away on a wedding tour because of the work in which Mr. Heney is engaged before the grand jury.

Judge Seawell's Decision.

The Furniture Graft.

The facts concerning the particular accusation against Supervisor Fred Nicholas, which was taken up yesterday, are said to be as follows: Nicholas gave Holmes Brothers an order for furniture, amounting to \$265, and the sum was paid out of the city and county treasury shortly after the fire. The books of Holmes Brothers indicated that Nicholas received from the firm 10 per cent of the amount of the bill, the show-down going to him in each. As witness concerning this financial deal, the members of the firm, Oliver P. Holmes and John A. Holmes, and their bookkeeper, Most Caha, were called yesterday into the grueling jury room.

Commissions on Furniture.

John is now employed by Bremer Brothers at Sacramento. Holmes Brothers went into business after the fire at Collier Gate avenue and Hyde street. Recently they sold out to the Thompson Desk company. They reside at 1347 Webster street, where they had been taking orders for furniture before the AFL conflagration.

This is only one of the instances of graft in connection with the purchase of furniture, which are said to be numerous. After the fire a great deal of furniture was needed for the municipal offices, and an official who had control of the ordering of it was in a position to receive commissions for his favors from houses to which the orders were allotted.

It was noticed that H. H. Young, one of the grand jurors, retired from the grand jury room about an hour before the adjournment. And it was conjectured that he did so to refrain from voting on the question of indictment. He was excused from participation in the indictment of Schmitz and Ruef in the French restaurant graft matter on account of the personal knowledge which he had as to that extortion of money, and it was surmised that he might have felt disqualified to act in the furniture matter under investigation yesterday afternoon for some similar reason.

Peter Duffy Involved.

Peter Duffy, formerly an elevator operator in the Hall of Justice, was called before the grand jury to explain his connection with the purchase of furniture by Supervisor Nicholas from Holmes Brothers. Duffy stated that he had introduced Moses Cohn, the bookkeeper of Holmes Brothers, to Nicholas, but denied that he had any other motive in doing so. Investigation later by William J. Burns developed that Duffy had received from Holmes Brothers furniture for fitting up his house at 217 Elm avenue, consisting of two bureaus, two beds, mattresses, pillows, etc. Duffy claimed that he bought this furniture from Holmes Brothers on installments. Mrs. Duffy stated to her husband that she understood this furniture was paid for, but yesterday, after the grand jury session, the Holmes Brothers surprised her by presenting a bill to her for \$85 for this furniture.

Nicholas Refuses to Talk.

Supervisor Nicholas was seen last night at Eliastrach Hall, Twelfth and Folsom streets, where he was presiding at a meeting of Carpenters' Union No. 22. He was plainly in a nervous frame of mind and refused to talk. "I have nothing to say about today's developments no affects myself or anybody else," said he. "I do not intend to do so until the time comes." He then turned abruptly and re-entered the hall.

FEEDER OF LABOR AND ITS PRINCIPLES

Committee Insists that Some Platform Be Framed and Given to the World.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 17.—Has the American Federation of Labor any fixed general platform of principles which shall guide its course and by which it shall be known to the rest of the world? Is it working for something fixed, definite and express, or is it merely pursuing an erratic course, altered and adapted to suit the occasion and the need of the moment?

For an hour the convention today discussed this question. The discussion was brought up by the representative of the committee on resolutions, which announced its non-concurrence in a resolution setting forth that the widest publicity should be given the principles and platform of the federation and asking that platform and declaration of principles of the American Federation of Labor be printed in the official proceedings of the convention.

The committee took the stand that the resolutions of the committee as embodied in the report were insufficient.

After a discussion, the resolution was referred back to the resolutions committee with instructions to prepare and present a declaration of principles in the convention.

It was found to contain various personal papers of Oelrichs, but neither will nor codicil nor other document that could, it was said, in any way affect the validity of the will by Oelrichs before he sailed for Europe last June.

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If a woman is in a position to support a husband she can afford to do without one.

It takes a woman to carry on a conversation with a man in a tone that savors of scolding.

Two Killed, Three Injured.

REEDLANDS, Cal., Nov. 17.—Mrs. Aaron Leipzig, wife of a merchant of this city, committed suicide at her home last night, using a revolver belonging to her husband's brother to take her life. Mrs. Leipzig returned last evening from Los Angeles and it is stated that disappointment over being unable to attend the grand opera there Wednesday and Thursday nights caused her to take her life. Mrs. Leipzig was of a very nervous temperament. She was 28 years of age and had been married two years.

Probably half the pleasure a woman gets out of life is due to her complexion at all.

Vanity isn't on the official list of virtues, yet unless a man has a good option of himself he will never amount to much.—Chicago News.

MAKE INVENTORIES OF FRENCH CHURCHES

Premier Clemenceau Has Issued Orders Which May Cause More Disturbances.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Premier Clemenceau has instructed the prefects of the departments, under the law providing for separation of church and state, to complete inventories of the remaining churches, the work having been discontinued after 43,000 inventories had been made in the spring, owing to the resistance of the church.

Of the churches not inventoried, 500 are in the Department of Aveyron, which had intentionally been left unentered owing to the intense Catholicism of the inhabitants and a renewal of the disturbance is not unlikely.

REPUBLICANS GAIN ONE CONGRESSMAN

Eighth District of Illinois, Thought Won By Democrats, Given to McCallen.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The election board today completed the canvass of the votes at the recent election and it was found that Congressman Charles McCallen, Republican, had been re-elected from the Eighth district, by a plurality of 84 over Stanley Kunz, the Democratic nominee. The unoficial count gave Kunz the district by a small plurality. After the announcement of the official count, Kunz declared that he would contest the seat. The Illinois delegation now stands twenty Republicans and five Democrats.

CATTLE COMMISSION AN EXPENSIVE LUXURY FOR STATE OF VERMONT.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Nov. 17.—Vermont's cattle commission, which recently resigned as a result of criticism in connection with the investigation into the sale of diseased cattle for alleged food purposes, cost the state \$82,732, according to its biennial report published. The report states that a largely increased number of farmers asked for inspection, trebling the work of the commission.

USED BONES AS WEAPONS

Medical Students Routed Dental Men at Chicago.

Football Game Clash Was a Battle in Which Bones Were Victors.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Human bones were used as cudgels and ossified arms and legs swung by medical students played the star part as bludgeons in a fracas with the dental students on the football field at Northwestern university today.

This was the day the football teams of the dental and medical departments of the institution met for their annual game. Between the halves the friends of the teams clashed. Each dental student carried a grotesque paper mache cane, which they wielded with effect on the medics. When the medical students saw their opponents rushing toward them, they suddenly drew forth from under their overcoats leg and arm bones tied with red and purple ribbons and with the clubs smashed the heads of the invaders unmercifully.

The dental students were soon put to flight and during the last half of the game the medical students wildly swung their gory weapons while urging their team to victory.

POLITICAL UNREST IN CHINESE EMPIRE

Conservative and Progressive Parties Are Clashing Over the New Constitution.

PEKING.—The conferences on the constitution continue and are still eagerly discussed outside. All indications point to a sharp division between the party of moderate progress, represented by the Viceroy Yuan Shih-kai and the conservative older statesmen, many of whom are Manchus, whose prerogatives are threatened. The situation is full of interest because of the position of Viceroy Yuan Shih-kai, who controls the only effective army and who, yielding a new army entirely attained by Chinese officials, has for the first time in history entrusted many of the most lucrative and responsible posts in the government to men of the Manchus, whose prerogatives are threatened. The situation is full of interest because of the position of Viceroy Yuan Shih-kai, who controls the only effective army and who, yielding a new army entirely attained by Chinese officials, has for the first time in history entrusted many of the most lucrative and responsible posts in the government to men of the Manchus, whose prerogatives are threatened.

DR. PERRIN AND HIS CO-DEFENDANT BENSON PREPARE FOR HEARING

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—Attorneys W. S. Wood and Peter Dunn appeared before United States Commissioner Heacock today on behalf of John A. Benson and Dr. Edward B. Perrin, indicted on the charge of fraudulently obtaining government land. By agreement with the government attorneys, December 1st was set as the time for fixing a date for a preliminary hearing.

Standard Oil Men Ready.

FINDLAY, O., Nov. 17.—It was said today that the indicted officials of the Standard Oil company, M. G. Vilas, H. P. McIntosh and J. M. Robertson, all of Cleveland, would be in Findlay Monday or Tuesday to plead to the indictment charging violations of the Valentine anti-trust law.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Imagination don't make liars of us all.

Many a sunny-haired girl has a dimpled disposition.

The hardest work an industrious man can do is nothing.

Lots of men are failures because they never attempt anything.

A model man never has occasion to pose as a horrible example.

If a man is unable to achieve success it's up to him to succeed without it.

A woman never thinks as much of a man as she thinks he thinks she does.

It takes a woman to make every man tell when it comes to imparting secrets.

One man of a modest man is one who can keep his opinion of himself to him.

Many a man who can't paddle his own canoe imagines he is capable of steering the ship of state.

It is far easier to teach a parrot to talk than it is to teach the average woman to hold her tongue.

—Chicago News.

HARDSHIPS OF PEARY'S TRIP

First Details of Farthest North Adventure.

Dog Meat Was Welcome Fare on Homeward Trip of the Explorers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—In a special from Sydney, N. S., the World today gives some details of hardships endured by Commander Peary and his men in their futile dash for the North Pole.

After reaching the most extreme inland settlement, it is stated, seventy Esquimaux and 100 dogs were selected, and then taking the ice, the steamer Roosevelt drifted on and steamed through the barrier of 8227 north where winter quarters were taken up being the farthest north winter quarters in the history of Arctic exploration.

Arrangements to secure the ship and make all comfortable were completed by February 1, 1906, and on that day Peary, with his Esquimaux and three teams of dogs made his start for the pole. Other parties also went out in charge of Captain Bartlett D. Wolfe, T. G. Marvin, J. Clarke and M. Ryan, respectively. These were relief parties and they kept 150 miles apart.

During the first part of the journey moderate weather prevailed and Peary made good speed. Before his return to his ship, 117 days later, however, conditions changed and terrible suffering from hunger and privation was suffered. Undeterred, Peary pushed further forward into the Arctic night. He reached the farthest point ever reached by man, 87° 06' north latitude, within 153 miles of the pole.

Before he started on the return voyage, the food supply had almost run out. During his return Peary encountered a fierce snowstorm, which lasted a week, and which drove the party out of its course. Peary immediately set out to recover his lost course but before he succeeded hunger threatened to drive the Esquimaux mad, and Peary was compelled to kill some of his dogs. The commander enjoyed the luxury of dog meat equally as well as his Esquimaux. When Peary returned to the ship only three dogs out of seventeen remained, fourteen having been eaten. Musk ox and deer killed on the road by Esquimaux helped the famished men. Clarke, with one of the men.

Clarke,

IN THE LIGHTER VEIN

FULL LINES.



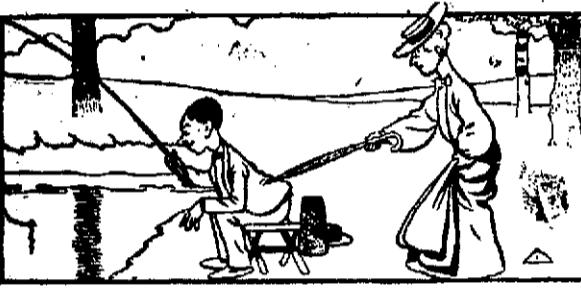
Dusty: "Yer had a nerve in tellin' that woman you was a drummer. What line do you carry?"
Barns: "Why, pard, every clothesline I can get me hands on."

HOW OFT.
How oft the little man ains high
And stars as a fragation,
Ant just as off the six foot man
Stars as a low comedian.

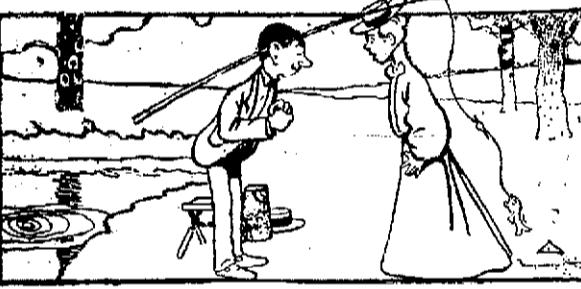
SURELY.
Though wide his influence may extend,
With love's intentions rife,
It must be owned that Cupid takes
An arrow view of life.

SEASONABLE OBSERVATIONS.
"Don't you think he's the salt of the earth?"
"Oh, I don't know. He seems to have rather a popperly disposition."

MASCULINE THEORY.
Little grains of powder,
Little gobs of paint,
Male a girl's complexion.
Look like what it ain't.

FORCE OF HABIT.

Lady (wishing to ask her way): "Hi, there, young man!"



Miggs (the draper's assistant on his holiday): "What can I do for you, miss?"

A HARD KNOCK.

Mr. Borem: "She asked me to sing and insisted upon encore after encore."
Miss Pepper: "Yes; she told me afterward that anything was better than sitting there and talking to you all the evening."

JUST LIKE HER.
He Was Wise.
Young Bachelor—You made a funny error in congratulating the bride's father instead of the bride-groom.

THE WORM SIGHT TEST.

Old Benedict—No, I didn't. I've a daughter of my own, and I know what they cost.

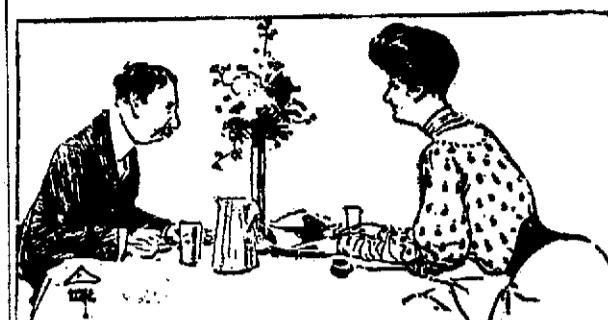
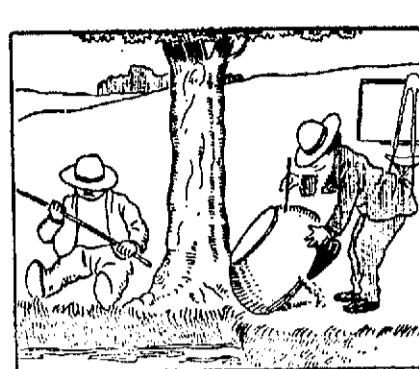
Where the Idea Originated.
The man who invented the talking machine, remarked the observer of events and things, "no doubt got the idea from his wife."

Saved Him Trouble.
Hans Jenkins made up his mind to marry that widow?"
"It wasn't necessary. She made up her mind."

Philomena—Why did Mr. Jaw name his auto after his wife?

Virginia—it's so awfully hard to stop when it once gets a-going."

A SEA SERPENT SCARE.

**AS ONE SEES IT.**

Mr. Jar (during the spat): "I'm satisfied now that I made a mistake when I married you."

Mrs. Jar: "I'm so glad to hear you say so!"

Mr. Jar: "Indeed! And why, pray?"

Mrs. Jar: "Because under the circumstances most men would have disatisfied."

RECIPROCAL AFFECTION.

She loved him for all she was worth,
And also, it is safe to infer,
Since she had much goods of this earth,
That was the way he loved her.

HE KNEW.

Teacher—Suppose your father gave your mother \$25 and then took \$5 back again. What would that make?

Tommy—All kinds of trouble.

DECEPTIVE.
Appearances will often lie
And fool you, as a rule.
You're always kicked the hardest by
The meekest looking mule.

RATHER DOUBTFUL.

"If I could only win you," he said,
"we would soon be one."

"And if we were both won," she queried, "which would be the winner?"

BROKEN ENGLISH.

Ethel: "I saw Count Hardupski last evening."

Cousin Tom: "Does he talk as brokenly as ever?"

Ethel: "My, yes! I heard him ask pa to loan him \$10 before he left."

THE ARTFUL DODGER.
They say that old Couponnes, the banker, has untold wealth."

"Yes. That's what the tax collector suspects."

DESPERATE.
He seems to be a reckless sort of person."

"I should say he is. Why, that fellow would elope in an automobile."

DENSE SILENCE.
That money talks quite freely, too,

You probably have heard,

But there are some of us to whom

It never said a word.

VOICE.

"What a musical voice your postman has!" said the visitor.

"Yes," replied Mrs. Highmore; "he is

our best mail vocalist."

CRUEL.

"I was knocked senseless when a small boy."

"Well, doesn't the doctor think you'll

ever get over it?"

ONE FOR HENRY.

Gladys—How do you like Henry James' style?

Murie—Oh, I don't know. I've never

had him make anything for me.

A Theory.

"Why do children as they grow older show so little respect for their parents?"

"Perhaps," answered Miss Wise,

"they get hold of old pictures and see how their parents used to dress them when they were young and helpless."

Obliging.

Gebhart—I never quite know how to take your wife.

Carson—Well, if you're in earnest and it's far enough away I'll tell you how.

Contradictory Evidence.

"Does Death paint for a living?"

"Judging by his pictures, he evidently doesn't."

Swindle.

"What kind of a business does he run?"

"Oh, some sort of a get-tainted quick scheme."

The Reason.

"How is it you never married, Jenkins?"

"I went to a show once."

NORMAL.

DELICATE JOLT.



An Early Reformer.

"I am looking," said Doglegs,

"for an honest man."

"And when you find him what are you going to do?"

"S-sh! I'm not going to find him. That would spoil the joke."

The Usual Way.

"I hear that Bill has reformed."

"Yes."

"What was the cause?"

"He lost the easy job he had

and is compelled to earn the small wages he's now

drawing."

MATTER OF ORTHOGRAPHY.



She—I wonder what young Do Wealth means when he speaks of his ancestral bants?

He—He probably means ancestral bants. His father used to be a truck driver.

STUCK ON ALL KINDS.

Jinks—Ever buy any theener roses?

Wimpy—Oh, yes. I've been stuck on those ...



Helen: "He is extremely retentive about his family."

Her Brothers: "Hum—must be a good man or a bad man of

good family. You had best encourage him!"

DOESN'T HAVE TO.

"Is he given to blowing his own horn?"

"Oh, no. He has a chauffeur."



Redlick's

A \$20.00 Adler Suit

Notice the wonderfully good lines of these garments. Notice that broad lappel, the heavy edge, the slope of the shoulders, the length of the coat.

Note the artistic lines of the trousers.

There's character and a distinctive charm about an Adler suit that appeals at once to the man accustomed to wearing fine clothes.

The tailor who wants \$35 for a suit of clothes cannot put more value into his garments than there is in one of these \$20.00 Adler suits. We show many others at \$25.00, \$27.50, \$30.00 and \$35.00. We invite the inspection of critical judges of good clothing, and we urge a comparison with the very best that can be found in Fresno.

Our Splendidly Equipped Delivery Service

We are constantly striving to add to the usefulness of our delivery service. We now have some 30 wagons and over 50 horses in daily use, carrying goods to our customers.

For the benefit of the residents of the various districts we print a schedule of the departure of our wagons. Customers should allow 2 hours from the time of the receipt of the order in the store to the delivery at the residence. Special wagons make trips when necessary in between the scheduled hours.

GROCERY DELIVERIES

Route No. 1—Leaves Redlick's 7:15 a. m., 9:45 a. m., 1:15 p. m., 3:45 p. m. Serves the following district: North on K to Van Ness, Jensen, Forthcamp, Yosemite, Coast, and all streets east of the railroad tracks; also Fresno street to Kearney avenue, American Addition, Paige Tract, and Grand Avenue Park.

Route No. 2.

Leaves Redlick's 7:30 a. m., 10 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 4 p. m. Serves on Tulare street, south and east to 12th street, East Fresno, OddFellows' Addition, Race Track.

Route No. 3.

Leaves Redlick's 7:45 a. m., 10:15 a. m., 1:45 p. m., 4:15 p. m. Serves O street from Fresno to Belmont, to Arlington Heights, and all additions in between.

Route No. 4.

Leaves Redlick's 8 a. m., 10:30 a. m., 2 p. m., 4:30 p. m. Serves on Tulare from K south to Woodward's Addition, Darling Addition, Peter's Addition, Florence Addition, Fairview and Pickwick Addition.

Route No. 5.

Leaves Redlick's 8:15 a. m., 10:45 a. m., 2:15 p. m., 4:45 p. m. Serves on L north to Park avenue and Griffith's Addition, Altamont Addition to Effie and Hedges Addition.

Route No. 6.

Leaves Redlick's 8:30 a. m., 11 a. m., 2:30 p. m., 5 p. m. Serves on L south to Los Angeles avenue, Bella Vista Heights and streets in between.

MEAT DELIVERIES

Leave Redlick's 7:30 a. m., 9:30 a. m., 11 a. m., 3 p. m., 5 p. m. Orders sent in one half hour before the time of the departure of the wagons will be in time to reach these deliveries.

Cut this out and paste it up in a convenient place

FISHING IDEAS

Are fine to catch suckers with, and also larger fish, but the habit of throwing out baits to catch customers is a foolish one, because it does not land any intelligent people, nor does it make friends of the few that get the hook.

We are willing and able to compete; but not at the expense of principle.

No baits. Just a square deal; plain figures, lowest cash prices; easy terms; largest stock; money back.

Freight paid to all points.

Worsner Furniture Co.

Fountain Pens \$1.50

They're the celebrated and well known Parker pens.

Warranted to be satisfactory in every way and costs no more than other pens, but worth double the difference.

Don't be without a fountain pen any longer. They're great conveniences and will save you time and trouble.

Gold and silver mounted pens here as high as \$10.

Oberlin Bros. Progressive Jewelers, 1119 J Street Fliske Block

Dismissing Negro Companies.

FORT BENNO, Okla., Nov. 17.—Major J. L. Wallace of Fort Sam Houston, acting chief paymaster, accompanied by James McKay and R. E. Kelley, who arrived in Fort Benno yesterday, were engaged this morning in making out the rolls for the discharge of three companies of negro soldiers of the Twenty-fifth infantry.

MYSTERIOUS CHINK ON DEADLY MISSION

Arrested in San Diego He Was Going to Exterminate Noted Highbinders.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 17.—On Thursday night, Immigration Inspector Confield picked up a tired-looking Chinaman near Las Flores, who offered no resistance when placed under arrest. While passing over, a trolley the Chinaman tried to drop some article into the river below. They proved to consist of three sticks of dynamite, so contrived to form a very dangerous bomb. The Chinaman gave the name of Ah You and said he was bound for Azusa and Sacramento, where he intended to exterminate some noted highbinders. He was well supplied with money and intimated that he had been chosen in China to carry out the plans.

CINCINNATI TRACTION CO. ANNOUNCES WAGE INCREASE TO EMPLOYEES ON CARS

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 17.—It was officially announced here today that the 2000 motormen and conductors of the Cincinnati Traction company will receive an increase of one cent an hour January 1st next. Motormen and conductors now receive 19, 20 and 21 cents an hour, according to the length of their service.

WESTERN SWITCHMEN STAND BY AGREEMENT MADE WITH RAILROADS

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 17.—There will be no strike by the switchmen of the Western railroads. This is the emphatic declaration made by Frank T. Hawley, grand master of the Switchmen's Union of North America, in the convention hall of the American Federation of Labor today. The western switchmen will stand by the agreement made with the railroads a week ago.

That Butte Bank Failed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Receiver Nelson of the Actua Banking and Trust company at Butte, Mont., and Receiver Lyons of the Washington, D. C., branch of the institution, which was closed October 18th last, have made report to the comptroller of the currency showing the condition. The classified assets are estimated to be \$335,333 and the liabilities \$478,935.

UNKNOWN TRAMP KILLED BY YOUNG PEON AT CONEJO

The Dead Man Was Engaged in Fight With Uncle of Shooter
—Wife of Section Foreman Gave the Shotgun and
According to the Boy, Told Him to Shoot—Both Mexi-
cans Arrested, and the Elder Escaped Last Night.

An unknown tramp was shot dead yesterday afternoon at Conejo by a 13-year-old boy named Candelario Torrez, while the tramp was engaged in a fight through a cabin window with Aurino Torrez. The two Torrezes were arrested by Constable Mason and brought to Fresno last evening. Aurino Torrez, as he was being taken back to jail after being arrested in the district attorney's office, made a break for liberty at the jail door. Mason fired three shots at the fleeing peon, but he paid no heed to the whistling bullets and made good his escape.

The unknown tramp appeared at Conejo in the forenoon and begged for something to eat at several places, being refused wherever he sought food. He finally went to a row of huts occupied by the poor railroad laborers. Most of the men were at work, but Torrez was in his cabin. He had been drinking and was in an ugly mood. When the tramp awakened him and asked for food, Torrez ran out with a knife and made a slash at him. The wound on the dead man shows that he was struck with the side of the weapon.

Inensed at this treatment, the tramp ran to the toolhouse and getting a piece of gas pipe returned to Torrez's cabin and tried to break in. He first battered on the door and then in his rage knocked in the windows. Torrez did not attempt to come out, but remained in the cabin with a piece of railroad tie to defend himself. In the meantime Torrez's wife and daughter slipped out and ran to the foreman's cabin to notify him. Mrs. Mitchell, wife of the foreman, gave a shotgun to a boy, who in turn gave it to Candelario Torrez, nephew of the besieged man. Young Torrez claims that Mrs. Mitchell told him to shoot the tramp. Candelario ran toward the cabin of his uncle and saw his uncle and the tramp at battle through the window—the tramp attacking with the gas pipe and Torrez counteracting with the railroad tie. Just as the tramp had his arms raised up in the act of wielding the gas pipe, the boy shot, the shot entering under the arm of the right side. It was a fatal charge, the tramp dropping in his tracks. The Mexican then ran out of his cabin and kicked the dead man.

Mrs. Mitchell, not thinking the tramp dead, ran with a rope around the body of the dead man and he was dragged for some little distance before it was realized that he was dead. The Mexican youth who did the shooting, or his uncle, who provoked the trouble with the tramp, made no effort to escape. The sheriff's office was notified at 1:30 yesterday afternoon, and Coroner Cowan and Constable Mason left for the scene in an automobile. **Torrez's Escape.**

Attorney Kauko had just finished examining the prisoner and the constable reached the stairway at the east side of the court house, with his man, when the prisoner jumped over the banister and ran toward the water tanks in the park. By the time Mason had drawn his gun and prepared to shoot, the fleeing man was a hundred yards away, dodging between the trees. Three shots were fired at the escaping man, but it is not thought that any of them took effect. Because of the number of people and vehicles passing along Tulare street, the murderer disappeared down the alley between K and L streets.

From this point all trace was lost. Police officers and men from the sheriff's office were sent in pursuit, but nothing could be found to indicate which direction he took.

Some of the searchers went to the colony of Mexican section hands on the Santa Fe track southeast of town. Here a diligent search of the cabin and questioning of the peons failed to give any information about the missing man. It is thought that he struck the Santa Fe south of town and is making his way to Conejo, the scene of the crime with which he is charged. His wife and family are there and the old man, who seems to be much wronged up over the tragedy, has been worrying about them.

Early this morning the officers gave up the search until daylight. No telephone connection could be made with the little towns and stations between here and Conejo, but Constable Mason intends to start on his trail at daybreak.

—Dead Man.

Last night Under Sheriff Cummings and Deputy McSwain went to the undrinking parlors to view the remains of the murdered man. Both say that they have seen him about Fresno and that he has been in town within the last week, but they do not know his name. He is very large, well-built man of apparent German descent, and has a short red mustache and beard. He is about 45 years of age.

SHAH OF PERSIA'S ILLNESS.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Official advisors received here confirm the recent report of the serious illness of the Shah of Persia. It is expected that his death may occur any day, or he may linger for months.

CALIFORNIA PIONEER DIES OF OLD AGE

C. A. Willey of Idaho, who had been one of the pioneer miners of California, died early yesterday morning at the county hospital. About three weeks ago he came to Fresno to visit a niece, Mrs. A. J. Brittain, and being taken seriously ill with heart failure, he was taken to the hospital for treatment. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the parlors of Shannon & Beal.

Mr. Willey, whose early home was in New York, spent but a few years in California, settling later in Idaho. He had no family and left only a sister and a niece. He was 77 years of age.

DOUDALL'S QUEER CASE

Innocent Man Who Was Sent to San Quentin.

Judge Sargent, Who Tried Case, Says the Verdict Was Warranted.

WITTE DENOUNCED
AS EVIL GENIUS

Reactionary Paper of Moscow Demands the Expulsion of the Former Premier.

MOSCOW, Nov. 17.—The *Vidovosti* of this city, reactionary organ, publishes an article today demanding the expulsion of Count Witte from Russia on the ground that he is the empire's evil genius and announcing that the ex-premier will remain in Russia at the personal risk of his life.

In reactionary circles the allegation is frequently made that Count Witte betrayed Russia in assenting to the treaty at Portsmouth and in inducing Emperor Nicholas to issue the reform manifesto of October 30, 1905.

The social revolutionists today issued a proclamation saying they regretted the failure of the attempt on the life of General Rukhbin, prefect of police of Moscow, November 12th, at whom a bomb was thrown by a revolutionary, and announcing that their efforts will be persisted in until successful.

ROBBERS RETURNED COMPLETED THE WORK AND FIRED BUILDING

WALKER, Mo., Nov. 17.—Robbers here early today started a fire that destroyed six of the best buildings in Walker to cover up the robbery of between \$2000 and \$3000 belonging to the bank of Walker. On Monday last robbers wrecked the safe of the bank with dynamite, getting away with close to \$2000 and the bank officials were forced to place in the safe of a neighboring store what money was left by the robbers on that raid. Today the robbers, believed to be the same gang that committed the first robbery, cleaned out the safe, set fire to the building and escaped.

When he turned the unconscious boy over the physician's face blanched and his hands fell at his sides. In the first glance at the agony-stricken features he had recognized his younger brother, whom he had last seen in perfect health and joyful spirits.

DEATH OF MRS. STRATTON.

Mrs. Anna D. Stratton, a young woman who came recently from Atwater, Ohio, to Fowler, for her health, died day before yesterday. Death was caused by tuberculosis. The body will be shipped to the old home for burial. Mrs. Stratton was 27 years and ten months old.

DONATED LOCK OF HAIR
FROM WASHINGTON'S HEAD
TO MEMORIAL CHAPEL.

MORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 17.—The Washington memorial chapel at Valley Forge has come into the possession of a highly prized relic for exhibition in the patriot's hall. It is a lock of hair from the head of General George Washington. The gift is from Mrs. Peirce of Philadelphia, to whom it was presented thirty-four years ago by James Hamilton, then 84 years old, who had received it from his father, Alexander Hamilton, an aide-de-camp to General Washington, to whom it had been given by the general as a token of esteem.

YALE WOMEN'S ANNUAL SHOOT.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 17.—Yale won the intercollegiate championship shotgun shot here today with a score of 200. Princeton was second, 107; Pennsylvania third, 104; Harvard fourth, 106.

Dr. J. L. Martin, Physician and Surgeon, \$3000 equipment. Latest and most successful methods of examination and treatment, X-ray, Finsen Light, etc.

WATER TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE APPOINTED

Men Who Will Look After Canal
Question for Fresno.

A. L. Hobbs, president of the Chamber of Commerce, last evening announced his appointments on the committee of seven that will consider the question of water transportation from Fresno to the Bay. The committee is to consist of Frank H. Short, chairman; S. N. Griffith, D. H. Gray, A. M. Drew, William Robertson, C. L. Walter and M. F. Tarpy.

The personnel of this committee is very strong and it is confidently hoped that it may be able to gather together within a short time some definite information on what is best for the business men of this city to do as to promoting a canal and urging upon Congress the improvement of the San Joaquin river up this way from Stockton.

ATLANTA POST CELEBRATES

Twenty-first Anniversary of
Fresno G. A. R.

Ladies and Confederate Veter-
ans Join in Dinner and
Program.

Just twenty-one years ago yesterday the members of the Grand Army of the Republic in Fresno organized Atlanta post of that order, so yesterday was set apart for the celebration of the event. The Confederate Veterans of Fresno were invited to share in the festivities, as were also the members of the G. A. R. and, as usual, the latter did more toward the enjoyment than any other.

The anniversary events, consisting of a dinner and a program, the principal feature of which were reminiscences of members of the order, took place in Risley hall on Fresno street. The hall was decorated for the occasion, and the ladies took charge of the splendid dinner that was served.

By the middle of the afternoon the dinner had been disposed of and then visitors and members of the order repaired to the lodgeroom, where the program was rendered. A history of the order was given by Comrade Thomas Yost, Gen. Maj. H. V. Parker recounted the events that have occurred among the G. A. R. men since the organization of Atlanta post, its prosperity, but the gradually diminishing numbers that the years have brought. Remarks were also made by Past Post Commanders McDaniels, Yost and Garrett, as well as by others.

We will be glad to submit samples and prices, and we have never known a customer to misrepresent the goods to a customer.

We hope you will put yourself in touch with him.

Yours truly,

STONE HILL WINE CO.
Hermann, Mo.

Sig. Krauter, Representative, 415 Broadway, New York City, Sept. 20, 1908.

Dear Sir:

We are making a vigorous bid for New York business.

For years we have tried to get a foot-hold in this market, with but small success.

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